Cambria Freeman.

R. L. JOHNSTON, Editor. HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE. H. A. M'PIKE, Publisher.

VOLUME 2. EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1868. NUMBER 5.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon., Al. Vend. Expon.* and *Levari Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House in Ebensburg, on *Monday, the 2d day of March* next, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit: All the right, title and interest of Demetrius Weakley, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Clearfield township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Joseph Dysart, George Bingham, and others, containing 170 acres, more or less, about ten acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected two one and a half story houses, now in the occupancy of James Weakland. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Lewis Plack et. al.

Also, All the right, title and interest of William Gittens, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in the borough of Ebensburg, Cambria county, fronting on Main street and extending back to lands of Stephen Lloyd, adjoining lands of William Kittell on the North and an alley on the South, having thereon erected a two story frame house, now in the occupancy of John Griffith. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Ebensburg & Cresson Rail Road Co., for use of Philip Collins.

Also, All the right, title and interest of John J. Trefts, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in 3d ward, Johnstown borough, fronting on Bedford street and extending back to an alley, adjoining lot of Mr. —— Griffith on the North and an alley on the South, having thereon erected a two story plank house, frame stable and slaughter house, now in the occupancy of the said John J. Trefts. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Robert Smith.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Charles Plitt, of, in and to the following described building and lot of ground of Charles Plitt, to wit: "A dwelling house of two stories, 60 feet having a front of twenty-four feet and depth of thirty-two feet, situate on Stony Creek street, at the foot of Levergood street, in the borough of Johnstown and built upon a certain lot of ground belonging to said Charles Plitt, which said lot is triangular in shape, and bounded by Stony Creek street, (at the foot of the Levergood street,) Stony Creek river, and an alley which divides the lot of said Charles Plitt from the property of Jacob Levergood." Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Charles Helbrick.

Also, All the right, title and interest of Peter Soley, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Cambria borough, Cambria county, fronting seventy feet on Chestnut street and extending back thirty-three feet to a lot of Mr. —— Hagely, adjoining —— street on the one side and an alley on the other, having thereon erected a two story plank house and plank stable now in the occupancy of Joseph Soley.

Also, A lot of ground situate in Cambria borough, Cambria county, fronting twenty-five feet on Chestnut street, and extending back one hundred feet to an alley, adjoining lot of George Lauraugh on the east and Martin Overmire on the west, having thereon erected a one and a half story plank house and plank stable, now in the occupancy of John Myer. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Joseph Solsong.

JOHN A. BLAIR, *Sheriff*.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 13, 1868.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following Accounts have been passed and filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphans Court of Cambria county, for confirmation and allowance, on *Monday, the 2d day of March next*, to wit:

The first and final account of Wm. Barkstresser, Adm'r of Nathaniel Bracken, late of Susquehanna twp., deceased.

The first and final account of D. M'Laughlin, Adm'r of Catharine Mehan, late of Millville borough.

The first and final account of Peter C. Lehman, Adm'r of Levi Weaver, late of Richland twp., dec'd.

The account of R. P. Linton, Adm'r of David Hite, late of Johnstown, dec'd.

The account of Wm. Caldwell, Guardian of Fanny Levergood.

The account of Wm. Caldwell, Guardian of Frank A. Johnston.

The account of Mary Nagle, Adm'x of Richard H. Nagle, dec'd.

The account of John Kerr, Ex'r of Thos. Rodgers, late of Conemaugh twp., dec'd.

The second and partial account of Enoch Farrensworth, Adm'r of Wm. H. Lloyd, late of Conemaugh twp., dec'd.

The account of Geo. C. K. Zahm, Adm'r of Zachariah Morris, dec'd

The first and partial account of John R. Nagle, Adm'r *cum testamento annexo* of Richard Nagle, late of Susquehanna twp., dec'd.

The second account of Catharine Connelly, Ex'x of Bernard Connelly, late of Summerhill twp., dec'd.

The first and final account of D. M'Laughlin, Adm'r of the estate of John Trainer, late of Cambria county, dec'd.

The first account of Joseph Daily, Adm'r of Hugh Daily, late of Millville bor., dec'd.

The third and final account of Wm. Kittell, Adm'r of the estate of John Rees, late of Blacklick twp., dec'd, of the proceeds of the real estate of the said deceased; sold pursuant to proceedings in partition.

The partial account of Elizabeth Wible and Jacob Stoltz, Adm'rs of Peter Wible, dec'd, of the proceeds of the real estate of said deceased; sold pursuant to proceedings in partition.

JAMES GRIFFIN, Register.
Register's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 1, 1868.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS!—Intending to retire from the business of hotel keeper at the well known "Mansion House," Summit, Cambria county, I will offer at public vendue, on *Monday, March 23d*, 1868, and on following days until everything is disposed of, the personal property pertaining to said house, consisting of Beds, Bedding, Tables, Chairs, Washstands, Stoves, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Sofas, Settees, Looking-Glasses, Cupboards, Sideboards, and a general variety of glass and queensware, and many other articles needless to enumerate. Also, 2 Horses, 3 Cows, 1 Hack, 1 Carriage, 2 Buggies, Sleighs, Sleds, Harness, &c.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M., when terms will be made known.

Feb. 20.-2t. JAS. M. RIFFEL.

LICENSE NOTICE.—Take notice that the following persons have filed Petitions for Tavern and Eating House Licenses in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria County, which will be presented to the Judges of said Court on the first Monday of March next:

TAVERN LICENSES.

Cambria Bor.—John Coad, Thos. Judge.
Cambria Twp.—Michael Lattern.
Carrolltown Bor.—Paul Ellwanger.
Carroll Twp.—Nicholas Lauhorn.
Conemaugh Twp.—Peter Rubritz.
Conemaugh Bor., 1st Ward—Henry Gick, Jacob Widman, Charles Helfrick.
Ebensburg Bor., W. W.—Henry Foster.
Gallitzin Twp.—Jacob Gearhart, Lawrence Campbell.
Johnstown Bor.—2d Ward, Gottlieb Lessiger; 3d Ward, Thos. M'Cann, Chas. Zimmerman, Jacob Renn, John Gerhart, Jacob Holtzworth, Pius Eling; 4th Ward, Philip Shultice; 5th Ward, August Weigand.
Lorette Bor.—Thomas Callan.
Millville Bor.—Thomas Downs.
Munster Twp.—Henry O. Kaylor.
Prospect Bor.—John Smith.
Taylor Twp.—Michael M'Cabe.
Washington Twp.—Otto Helly.
Wilmore Bor.—George Wenderoth.

EATING HOUSE LICENSES.

Carrolltown Bor.—Andrew Haug.
Johnstown Bor., 3d Ward—Jos. Boxler, Michael Glauber.
Millville Bor.—Michael Griffin.

QUART LICENSES.

Ebensburg Bor.—Richard Tudor.
Johnstown Bor.—2d Ward, Pat'k O'Connell; 3d Ward, Cyrus Hart.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Clerk.
Ebensburg, Feb. 13, 1868.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of *Fi. Fa.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on *Thursday, the 27th day of February next*, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of James E. Laverty, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of John Whitehead, Jane Laverty, and others, containing 70 acres, more or less, about fifteen acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story plank house and log stable, now in the occupancy of the said James E. Laverty. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of McMurray & Mitchell.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Wm. R. Hughes, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in Wilmore borough, Cambria county, fronting sixty feet on Rail Road street, and extending sixty feet to lot of George Wenderoth on the west and an alley on the east, having thereon erected a two story plank store and wareroom now in the occupancy of George Wenderoth and I. O. of O. F. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Mrs. Alice Hughes, of West Philadelphia.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 13, 1868

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that the following appraisements of certain personal property, and appraisement of real estate, of decedents, selected and set apart for the widows of intestates, under Act of Assembly, of the 14th April, 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office, at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for approval, on *Wednesday, the 4th of March next*, to wit:

Appraisement of personal property of Thomas W. M'Cauley, dec'd, set apart for the widow.

Appraisement of certain personal property set apart for the widow of Michael Maxwell, late of Washington twp., dec'd.

Appraisement of certain personal property set apart for the widow of David Leidy, late of Jackson twp., dec'd.

Appraisement of certain real estate of Hugh Daily, late of Millville borough, Cambria county, dec'd.

Appraisement of real estate of E. W Moore, late of Richland township, deceased, set apart for the widow of said decedent.

JAMES GRIFFIN, Clerk.
Clerk's Office, Feb. 13, 1868.-3t.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Frederick Kring vs. Elijah Morrison, Adm'r of J. Warren Boody, dec'd. No. 72, December Term, 1867. EJECTMENT:

"For a messuage and tract of land situate in the Township of Jackson, County of Cambria, State of Pennsylvania, bounded by land now or late of Joseph Burkhardt and Lewis Dunmyer on the east, by land now or late of Samuel Paul on the south, by land of William Strayer on the west, and by land of John Rager and Richard Davis on the north, containing one hundred and twenty-five acres and ninety-nine perches, be the same more or less."

AND NOW, Dec. 2d, 1867, on motion of D. M'Laughlin, Esq., Rule on the defendant to plead on or before the first Monday of March next.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court at Ebensburg, the second day of December, A. D. 1867. GEO. C. K. ZAHM,
Jan. 9, 1868.-tc. Proth'y.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, trading under the firm name of J. A. M'Guire & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said firm are directed to make payment to Daniel Laughman, who alone is authorized to collect the same.

DANIEL LAUGHMAN,
ANDREW MAGUIRE.
Ebensburg, Feb. 6, 1868.

NOTICE.—I hereby give notice that I have left the books and accounts of the late firm of A. J. Maguire & Co. in the hands of James Myers foo collection. All accounts remaining unpaid on the 15th of March will be put in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

DANIEL LAUGHMAN.
Ebensburg, Feb. 13, 1868.-3t.

12 DOZ. WOODEN BUTTER BOWLS just received and for sale low for *cash* at [feb.28.] GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

GOOD TRUNKS AND VALISES for sale low at G. HUNTLEY'S.

IN MEMORIUM---D. J. R.

BY FATHER RYAN.

The Charleston (S. C.) *Gazette*, in copying the following ode from the Savannah *News*, says:

"The following feeling lines were written by Father Abram J. Ryan, *in memorium* of a younger brother who fell fighting in the war for Southern Independence. Never has a fond mother's nobility of soul, when struggling with love and duty, shone forth more resplendent than her's of whom our 'cypress-crowned poet' speaks in the fifth stanza. And never has fraternal affection been embalmed in language more beautifully sad than in the opening of this sublime poem. As we read the plaintive words, we fancied they were addressed not so much to the ears of the living as to the spirit of the fallen one who sleeps in his 'lonely battle grave.' The man who can read this ode without emotion ought not to be envied:"

Thou art sleeping, brother, sleeping,
In thy lonely battle grave.
Shadows o'er the past are creeping—
Death, the Reaper, still is reaping—
Years have swept, and years are sweeping
Many a memory from my keeping,
But I'm waiting still and weeping
For my Beautiful and Brave.

When the battle songs were chanted
And war's stirring tocsin pealed;
By whose songs thy heart was haunted
And thy spirit, proud, undaunted,
Clamored wildly—wildly panted—
"Mother! let my wish be granted;
I will ne'er be mocked and taunted
That I feared to meet our vaunted
Foemen on the bloody field."

"They are thronging, mother, thronging,
To a thousand fields of fame!
Let me go—'tis wrong—'tis wronging
God and thee to crush this longing.
On the muster roll of glory,
In my country's future story,
On the field of battle gory,
I must consecrate my name.

"Mother, gird my sword about me;
Kiss thy soldier boy 'good-bye.'"
In her arms she wildly wound thee,
To thy birthland's cause she bound thee.
With fond prayers and blessings crown'd thee,
And she sobb'd—"When foes surround thte,
If you fall, I'll know they found thee
Where the bravest love to die."

* * * * * * * *

At the altar of their nation
Stood that mother and her son:
He the victim of oblation,
Panting for his immolation;
She—'in priestess' holy station,
Weeping words of consecration,
While God smiled His approbation,
Blessed the boy's self-abnegation,
Cheered the mother's desolation,
When the sacrifice was done.

Forth like many a noble other,
Went he whispering soft and low
"Good-bye—pray for me, my mother!
Sister kiss me!—farewell brother!"
And he strove his grief to smother.
Forth, with spirit proud and peerless—
Forth, with footsteps firm and fearless;
And his parting gaze was tearless,
Though his heart was lone and cheerless
Thus from all he loved to go.

Lo! yon flag of freedom flashing
In the sunny Southern sky!
On—to death and glory dashing—
On—where swords are clanging—clashing—
On—where balls are crushing—crashing—
On—'mid perils, dread, appalling!
On—they're falling—falling—falling!
On—they're growing fewer—fewer!
On—they're hearts beat all the truer!
On—on—on—no fear—no falter!
On—though 'round the battle-altar
There are wounded victims groaning—
There were dying victims moaning—
On—right on—death—danger—braving—
Warring where their flag was waving,
And baptismal blood was laving
With a tide of crimson water
All that field of death and slaughter!
On—still on—that bloody laver
Made them brave and made them braver;
On—with never halt or waver—
On they're battling—bleeding—bounding,
While the glorious shout is sounding
"We will win the fight or die!"

And they won it! Routed—riven—
Reeled the foeman's proud array,
They had struggled long and striven,
Blood in torrents they had given,
But their ranks, dispersed and driven,
Fled disgracefully away.

Many a heart was lonely lying
There that would not throb again:
Some were dead and some were dying;
Some were silent, some were sighing;
Thus to die, lone, unattended,
Unwept and unbefriended,
On that bloody battle plain.

When the twilight, sadly, slowly
Wrapped its mantle o'er them all!
O'er those thousands lying lowly,
Hushed in silence deep and holy,
There was one—his blood was flowing,
And his last of life was going—
And his pulse faint—fainter beating,
Told his hours were few and fleeting;
And his brow grew white and whiter,
And his eyes shone bright and brighter—
There he lay like infant dreaming,
With his sword beside him gleaming;
For the hand in life that grasped it,
True to death still fondly clasped it.
There his comrades found him lying,
'Mid the heaps of dead and dying;
And the sternest there bent weeping,
O'er the lonely sleeper sleeping,
'Twas the midnight; stars shone round him;
In a shroud of glory bound him;
And they told us how they found him,
Where the bravest love to fall.

Where the woods like banners bending,
Drooped in glory and in gloom—
There, when that sad night was ending,
And the faint, fair dawn was blending
With the stars now descending—
There they mute and mournful bore him—
With the stars and shadows o'er him—
There they laid him down so tender,
And the next day's sun and splendor
Flashed upon my brother's tomb!

FIVE YEARS ON GUARD.

During the First French Empire every regiment had its dog, whose intelligence, thanks to the soldiers' care, was improved by education and discipline. The Grand Army's dogs were picked up almost everywhere, except in England. They had been recruited in Poland, in Prussia, in Holland, in Saxony, and in Flanders.—They were mongrel mastiffs, hounds, Danish dogs, spaniels. But no matter whence they came, they soon turned out French. Foreign dogs were naturalized without knowing it.

Rugen is an island in the Baltic sea, opposite to Stralsund, on the coast of Pomeran. Fortified both by nature and by art, its situation is exceedingly strong. In time of peace, in consequence of its fertile soil, its salubrious air and its mild climate, Rugen is a delightful retreat. In time of war it is an important post, a natural citadel, a formidable fortress, whose possession has been purchased at the expense of many a bloody fight. During the campaign of 1807 this island was comprised in their sphere of operations by the corps commanded by Marshal Davoust, and was occupied by an infantry regiment of the line and by several companies of sappers and miners. The regiment, of course, had a dog—a black and white poodle—named Capucin—not because he was born in a Capuchin's convent in Italy, (which would have been quite a sufficient reason,) but in allusion to the copper or iron rings by which a gun-barrel is fastened to its stock. The dog's short bark might perhaps have been thought to resemble the snappish report of a musket.

In consequence of a change in the plan of operations ordered by Napoleon the First, the island had to be suddenly evacuated, to carry out a movement in retreat, abandoning the whole line of the Pomeranian coast. Every post, every man, was withdrawn, but in such a hasty way that they forgot an advanced sentinel perched on a hillock which commanded the entrance of the port of Rugen. This sentinel was a young soldier named Firmin Bonard, who had been three years in the service. At present, a soldier who has served three years is considered quite a veteran; at that time, troopers who could reckon three, five, seven, and even nine years of service, were still called conscripts. Now, Bonard the soldier and Capucin the dog, happened to be particular good friends, bound by the strongest ties of mutual attachment.

The corporal of the post had stationed Firmin as sentinel on the hillock exactly at midnight. The latter, therefore, calculated on being relieved at two in the morning. He then, from two to five in the morning, would have three hours to doze and slumber in the corps of guard. So Firmin Bonard beguiled the time by anticipating this supreme indulgence, and by thoughts of his village people, of his aged cure's ancient housekeeper, of the haystack where he used to play at hide-and-seek, and sundry other recollections. In this the minutes slipped slowly by, and the two hours' guard were drawing to a close.

All at once he heard a slight noise.—He listened. "It is the corporal coming to relieve guard," he thought, and prepared to utter the "Qui Vive." But the sound, which resembled that of human footsteps, was soon followed by complete silence.—"I couldn't be mistaken," he said to himself; "besides, my time must now be up." He listened again, still more attentively. Almost immediately he heard the barking of a dog, who came running forward in his direction. On recognizing Capucin's voice the sentinel looked around him anxiously. Perceiving nothing which threatened an attack, he wondered what could be the meaning of this nocturnal visit.—Before he had time to consider the matter the animal had climbed the hill and was jumping up his legs.

"It's you, Capucin. Very good. You got tired of waiting there; and I am tired of standing here. The air is keen and I am terribly sleepy. You should have brought the corporal with you. His watch must have stopped. He ought to sell it for old iron and buy a new one."

Capucin's answer was a frenzied bark and a series of mad leaps around his friend.

"I understand," said Firmin, smiling. "You are asking me to dance to warm myself. It's a pity you are not provided with the password and a musket."

Capucin commenced to bark, running right and left like a creature possessed.—Finding all these manœuvres useless, he ran up to the soldier, pulled him by the coat, and tried hard to drag him away, renewing his efforts with such violence that he tore the soldier's uniform. Firmin, considering this proof of affection more troublesome than pleasant, lost his temper and gave poor Capucin a kick.—The dog, howling at finding himself so cruelly maltreated and misunderstood, retreated a few paces distant, but soon returned, heedless of his friend's unkind treatment. All he did now was to look forgiveness, and lick the soldier's hands.

"Be quiet, will you? and take yourself off," said Firmin, harshly, as he threatened to drive him away with the butt of his gun. Capucin, finding he could do no good, unwillingly made up his mind to depart. He arrived just in time to go on board with the last detachment of the corps.

At four o'clock he began to lose patience. Discipline forbade his quitting the post; but hunger, which drives the wolf out of the wood, compelled him to forget the *Code Militaire*. He left his station, and went to the guard house, muttering to himself: "If anybody deserves to be shot for this, it is not I, but the corporal who doesn't know his business, and keeps a sentinel on guard six hours at a time."

In the guard house not a creature! The only supposition he could form was that the regiment had gone to occupy another part of the island. He shouldered his gun and walked off across the country in search of the regiment. On the way he fell in with a farmer ploughing a field. "Can you tell me," he asked, "in which direction the French have marched?"

"They are gone away," was the startling reply. "They embarked at two this morning, stepping lightly, and without a word, in consequence of an order received from the Emperor."

"Gone away, leaving me behind! I shall be reported as a deserter! Confound that corporal; he has been my ruin. I now understand what poor Capucin meant. It is not the death I fear so much as the disgrace."

"Don't take on in that way," said the farmer, in a consolatory tone. Stay here, and make the best of a bad business. If the French come back again, I can prove that it was no fault of yours."

"My good man you don't know the severity of our rules."

"They will not punish you for a crime you have not committed. Meanwhile you cannot live on air. You probably were brought up in the country and are accustomed to do country work?"

"Certainly. I can plough for instance."

"The very thing for me. I can offer you good board and lodging, with a small weekly payment into the bargain. It will be the best thing you can do under the circumstances." The soldier heaved a heavy sigh, and slowly gazed all around the horizon to see whether any of the ships were still visible. Beholding nothing, he said, at last: "I thankfully accept your offer."

"Good!" said the farmer, Peter Baxen, "Come and breakfast at once. We will go on with the plowing afterwards."

At Baxen's farm the soldier-ploughman had plenty of opportunities of proving his capacity. He found such favor in the farmer's eyes—and in other people's too—that Baxen determined to try and keep him for good and all.

"My worthy fellow," he said one day, "I look upon you almost as a son."

"If my poor old father," Firmin answered, "were not anxiously awaiting my return to France I would willingly remain in Rugen."

"You can bring him back with you, the next time you go to France. But what I want to say to you now concerns my daughter."

Firmin colored up to the eyes.

"Unless I am much mistaken you and she are very good friends."

Firmin uttered a few unintelligible words.

"The neighbors even say you are in love with her."

"I assure you I never uttered a word which could lead her to suppose that—"

"I knew it; and for that very reason I took upon myself to tell her that, if you had no objection, she might have you for a husband."

"And she said—?"

"Not a word; but she threw her arms around my neck and kissed me for a quarter of an hour." A fortnight afterwards, Firmin Bonard was married to the fair-haired Clarissa, Peter Baxen's only daughter.

Four years then elapsed, pretty equally divided between love and labor. His thoughts occasionally reverted to France, but he had almost forgotten his compulsory desertion. The past soon fades from our memory when the present is satisfactory and the future promising.

One morning, the lookout man in the town of Rugen signalled a fleet of ships in the offing. They were men-of-war, carrying the French flag. "The French are coming!" people shouted to each other. "They are going to land!"

Firmin Bonard heard it. "The French are coming!" rang in his ears like the boom of an alarm-gun. It told him that he was a lost man. Nevertheless, a thought struck him which relieved his heart by a glimmer of hope.

He ran home, put on his uniform, seized his arms, and mounted guard on the very spot where, five years before, he had been unintentionally abandoned. Meanwhile boats full of soldiers rowed towards the hillock. In the fore-part of one of the boats was a black and white poodle. As it approached the beach, the creature barked with joy. In spite of his anxiety, Firmin's eyes filled with tears as he recognized his old friend Capucin. The dog, unable to master his impatience, jumped into the sea and swam to shore.

As soon as the boats had come within earshot, Firmin "made ready," and shouted at the top of his voice, "Qui Vive!"

"Qui vive, yourself!" said the occupants of the first boat, which was filled with officers, composing Marshal Davoust's staff. "Who are you? And what are you doing here?"

"I am a sentinel keeping guard."

"A pretty sentinel! How long have you been on guard?"

"Five years."

"It is time to come down, then," shouted the officers, laughing.

When Firmin descended from his hill, Capucin ran to meet him half way, barking with joy, and jumping into his arms.

"Poor Capucin have it all your own way this time. Do whatever you like. Dirty me, tear my clothes; I shan't send you away. I ought to have made a better return for your attempt to serve me."

Followed by the faithful dog, Firmin joined his former comrades. He gave a plain account of what had happened. By a lucky chance, the corporal who had forgotten him, and who had since been promoted, belonged to Marshal Devoust's staff. He received his old comrade with open arms. Firmin, in return invited his countrymen to the farm, where he entertained them with liberal hospitality. The adventure reached Marshal Devoust's ear; He laughed at Firmin's stratagem, and presented him with a discharge drawn up in due form. "I should not like the brave fellow," he said, "to appear before a court-martial, after having kept guard so long."

Firmin continued a farmer. He had a large family, who at present fill the biggest and most important offices in the island. They are commonly known as the Sentinel's Family. When the French finally left Rugen, Capucin remained. Like his master, he forgot his military tastes, and devoted himself exclusively to farming.

A GAMBLING SCENE.

In 1849, I was a passenger on the steamer "Star Spangled Banner," from New Orleans to Louisville. She was crowded with people; and, an hour after leaving New Orleans, found perhaps twenty card tables drawn out, and three or four score of the passengers deeply absorbed in the mysteries of "old sledge," euchre, and poker. All that night and the next day the game went on. As fortune, however, soon singled out and made victims of the poorer and less skilled players, so the numbers gradually decreased until the fourth day out, when only one table was running. Old Bob Brasher, a negro trader, and two planters from La Fourche, still held on. Although they played almost incessantly for four days and nights, yet luck had favored neither party, and they were within a few dollars of even. The "bucking" had been principally between Brasher and Sanford, but henceforth they had kept themselves within the "gentleman's limit"—five hundred dollars. After leaving Memphis the game was renewed, and the bystanders observed that "a big play was on the tapis," as young Sanford was considerably under the influence of liquor, and when in that condition was known to be a heavy player. Late at night the two traders came together; both had "bucking hands," and Louisiana and Kentucky bank notes soon covered almost the whole table. The margin of five hundred dollars had been forgotten, and one, two, three, five hundred better passed between them. At last Brasher leaned back from the table, unbuttoned his vest and took from around his body a belt filled with gold pieces. Laying it down upon the bank notes he exclaimed, "Three thousand better!" Sanford became speechless; his face turned deadly pale, he called for a glass of liquor, which he drank, never once taking his eyes from the belt of gold. He had exhausted his means in the former bet; all his money lay upon the table. At last a thought struck him.

"Ben! here, sir!" he exclaimed.

"Yes, massa," and Sanford's body servant, a fine, athletic pure-blood, came to the table.

"Get up on the table, sir!"

Not daring to disobey—as he knew well in that moment of frenzy his young master would send a bullet through his brain did he refuse—the slave tremblingly stepped on the table, crushing the bank notes and gold beneath his feet.

"For the good Lord's sake, massa Ben, don't bet this nigger off! What will the old missus say when you go home? Oh, massa Ben, please don't!" groaned the poor boy, but in vain.

"Call you, sir!" shrieked Sanford, at the same time laying down four queens and an ace.

"An invincible, sir," said Brasher, with a sneer, "four kings and an ace!" And, as Brasher reached for his belt of gold, young Sanford fell to the floor, the blood gushing from his mouth, nose and ears. With one spring the slave started from the table, dashing through the thin folding doors of the "Social Hall" out on the boiler deck, and, with a half-uttered prayer for the "old missus," he threw himself headlong into the dark waters of the Mississippi, and was seen no more. Death prevented Brasher from claiming his spoils. Sanford for weeks lingered on a sick bed, but at last recovered, and forever renounced the gaming table. He "made good," however, the *money worth* of the negro to his winner.

THE pastor of a certain church not a thousand miles from this place, a few Sabbaths ago, when about to baptize a child, reproved the flock in the following fashion—"My dear people, I feel that you are neglecting parental duties, as this is only the second child presented for baptism during my pastoral connexion with the church."

BEAUTIES OF TAXATION.

We are tax'd on our clothing, our meat and our bread—
On our carpets and tables, our boots and our bed;
Our tea and our coffee, and if we should die
We are tax'd on the coffin in which we must lie—
And all for the negro! Great God! can this be
The land of the brave and the home of the free?

We are stamped on our mortgages, checks, notes and bills—
On our deeds, and our contracts, and on our last wills;
And the Star Spangled Banner in triumph shall wave
O'er the wealth of the nation that's laid in the grave—
And all for the negro! Great God! can this be
The land of the brave and the home of the free?

We are tax'd on all goods by kind Providence given—
We are taxed on the Bible that points us to Heaven:
And ere we attain to that heavenly goal,
They would, if they could, stick a stamp on our soul—
And all for the negro! Great God! can this be
The land of the brave and the home of the free?

PRENTICE ON GRANT.

The Louisville Journal has a severe criticism on General Grant's military record. It says he was "ignominiously defeated" at Belmont, "awfully whipped" at Shiloh, and would have been annihilated but for an event which he had no right to expect, and that at Vicksburgh he expended more money, time and life than were ever before sacrificed in taking so small a town. As to the Virginia campaign, we quote:

We think that the whole country understands the truth that Grant's march from Washington toward Richmond in the face of General Lee was one of the most disastrous campaigns ever undertaken. He was brave, or rather obstinate enough. He would whenever and wherever Lee chose to stop and throw up battle-works, advance and attack him, at a terrible expenditure of life, and in every case he was repulsed. And at each repulse he would walk his army round, make a flank movement, giving another disastrous battle, getting another most bloody repulse, and then going again into the flanking business. At last he got to City Point, on James River, after losing a hundred thousand men. There he stopped. There he squatted. He didn't do any thing. He didn't propose to do any thing. He said that he would "fight it out on that line though it should take him all summer," but his fighting was simply squatting. There wasn't the first sign of aggression about him.

The senior editor of the Journal was in Richmond in the winter of 1865, and we know that the Confederate officers, soldiers and citizens had no more apprehension of General Grant than if he had been on the other side of the ocean. His proximity didn't keep a man or woman awake a single minute. He was held in contempt. The whole terror was in regard to the march of Sherman, and it was Sherman's march, and only that, which conquered Lee's army and all the other Confederate armies.

A SOLDIER'S OPINION.—Gen. W. W. H. Davis, the talented editor of the Doylestown *Democrat*, as gallant a soldier as Pennsylvania ever sent forth to battle, expresses his opinion of the Presidential contest in the following vigorous language:

We look at the Presidential question from the civilian stand point, which we believe is the proper place to view it from. We do not think the country expects to see a military man placed in the White House for four years, from March 4th, 1869. The hopes of the country are turned toward a statesman for the next President, and the people will not be satisfied with a man who had no other claim to their support than having been a successful soldier. Camps and battles are not the best field for successful statesmanship, and this is particularly the case when the aspirant for Presidential honors leaped at one stride from the tanner's shop to the tented field. With such training in civil and military life, how can it be possible that any man could be qualified to grapple with and adjust the momentous questions that must arise under the next administration? If it requires four years to make a decent carpenter or printer, how can a man become a statesman by tanning bull hides for ten years and fighting four? It cannot be, and a clumsy blacksmith might as well try to repair a lady's delicate watch, as a soldier to handle affairs of state with such schooling. If we understand the temper of the American people, they will not trust the destinies of the country in the hands of any man who does not possess experience as a statesman, and understand the great questions that must come before him.

—A gentleman entered a Detroit street car November 1. He was followed by a dog who followed the car to the end of the route, not observing his master when he quit the car. Since that time he has followed the same car day after day, apparently never losing sight of it, and no amount of coaxing can induce him to abandon his self-imposed task.

THE FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

THURSDAY, : : : FEB. 27, 1868.

OUR down-town co ntemporary, *The Alleghanian*, bade farewell to earth on Thursday last, but did not die without giving the Democratic party in general and our County Commissioners in particular the benefit of a parting salute. In order to place the latter gentlemen in a false poeition it drew an invidious comparison between the expense of the Commissioners' office in this county and the expenses of the same office in other counties which are entirely distinct and incomparable in many respects, and by no means proper criterions to judge by. Absence from home and the duties pertaining to Court have alone prevented us from answering the attack of the *Alleghanian* in our present number, but we will, and think we can do so pretty effectually, in our next issue.

The Situation at Washington.

In speaking of the dismissal of Stanton and the appointment of General Lorenzo Thomas as Secretary of War, *ad interim* —the refusal of Stanton, under advisement from the leading Radical Senators, to vacate his office—and the threatened impeachment of the President for alleged violation of the tenure-of-office law, the *Age* so forcibly and clearly expresses the opinions of every Democrat in the country, that, in the absence of anything we might feel disposed to say in reference to the startling movement now in progress, we adopt the language of that able journal, and present its comments in full for the edification of our readers:

The struggle between the President and Congress has at last assumed a shape which promises some kind of a settlement of the difficulty, and for that relief the people of this vexed and troubled nation cannot fail to rejoice. The battle has been a long and tedious one. On one side stood the President of the Republic, with the banner of the Constitution above him —while on the other side was ranged a band of Congressional traitors, who sought to destroy every vestige of constitutional liberty in order that their own wicked and demoralized organizations might continue to live. For the sole purpose of perpetuating their power as a political organization, the Radicals are willing to commit any outrage, and by their disgraceful conduct as legislators have branded themselves with infamy in all time to come. There is not a man among them who does not know that, if the position of parties were reversed, they would resist to "the bitter end" the encroachments upon the Executive and Judicial Departments which mark the legislation of the majority in Congress. The assumption that the Legislative branch of the government is supreme in a Republic constituted as ours, is so monstrous that no decent argument can be advanced to sustain it; and yet the Radicals have attempted to deprive the President of all voice in public affairs, and have insolently railed against the Supreme Court when the legality of their acts was proposed to be questioned in that august tribunal. It is a mere waste of words to condemn such gross and palpable trickery. The calm, good sense of the American peop'e has utterly repudiated the course of the shameless Rump that has placed itself above and outside of the Constitution and clearly announced by its actions that it would "rather rule in hell than serve in Heaven."

In our telegraphic columns will be found all the details of the latest conflict between the Executive and Legislative branches of the government. We need not recapitulate them here. They are before the country, and are known and read by all men. The question of who shall act as Secretary of War can be definitely settled by the Supreme Court without delay, and without any appeal to passion or prejudice. All good citizens will acquiesce in the decision, whatever it may be, and the public mind will speedily become quieted when that judgment is rendered, no matter how adverse it may be to private feelings or partisan aggrandizement. But there is another question agitated, which is not susceptible of such an easy and peaceable solution. We refer to the impeachment of the President and his immediate removal during the pendency of the trial, from all discharge of his official functions. That Congress may, with an air of propriety, pass a bill of impeachment, is too clear to admit of argument; but that the same body has the right to suspend the President during trial and place one of its own tools in the White House before judgment has been reached, particularly when the impeachment is for an alleged offense committed before the enactment of the suspending law, is a doctrine that cannot for one moment be tolerated by a free people. The passage of the Edmunds bill would be an act of such a revolutionary and unconstitutional character, that any President who obeyed its provisions would cover himself with shame and disgrace, and sink even lower in public contempt than the authors of the outrage. Because Congress chooses to enact such a law, is not sufficient to make it omnipotent. Congress is fully competent to pass any foolish and absurd laws. They might easily carry a bill through making it a penal offense for Butler to squint, or Grant to write bad English, or Chandler to indulge in sottish habits, and then declare that neither of these precious worthies should exercise the functions of their office until they had been cured of their evil practices, but we are inclined to think that both the legality and propriety of such a law would be seriously questioned, and its provisions resisted, before the Supreme Court could be brought to act upon the important subject. We now say in all seriousness, that it is the duty of the President to refuse to obey the provisions of such a law as the Edmunds bill, or anything of a similar nature. The enactment of such a measure is revolutionary and treasonable. Resistance to it, at every hazard and at every extremity, would cover the President with honor, and be sustained by an overwhelming majority of the American people,

As public journalists we cannot disguise the fact that great perils surround the Republic. No man can tell what a day or an hour may bring forth. The volcano may burst forth at any moment, and deluge the land with fire and desolation. Men may be awakened from their insensibility by the burning lava and devastating flames. Radicalism seems determined to precipitate the evil. If troubles come upon us, the base wretches in Congress will be solely responsible for the new trials they have forced the masses to undergo. This truth cannot be gainsayed. It is patent to men of all parties. Nowhere is it so thoroughly understood as among the Republicans themselves. On Saturday morning last a leading Radical of this city, one who has been honored with the confidence of his party, stated unreservedly, that, while he assented to the doctrines of Radicalism, he could not help disapproving of the actions of its leaders in Congress. This sentiment, widespread in its existence, is daily making itself felt in the country. The business interests of the nation, suffering on account of the persistent refusal of a partisan majority in Congress to settle our national difficulties in a speedy and constitutional manner, are beginning to realize the situation and appreciate the dangers of the hour. Alarm and dread pervade all classes. A blow may be struck to-day, which will provoke a hundred in just retaliation. To our Democratic and Conservative brethren, we counsel calmness, prudence, and forbearance. Keep within the law, as you have kept within the Constitution, and let the Courts decide where scuffling partisans disagree. Ask nothing but what is right, while you submit to nothing that is wrong. Then when patience ceases to be a virtue, and your liberties are placed on one side with despotism on the other, act with vigor, energy, and power, unmindful where the blows fall, or who may be the victims that perish under them. "It is the eternal law that where guilt is, sorrow shall answer it." A wicked party will be as surely punished for its crimes, as a wicked citizen. The hand of justice is already raised to strike down the traitors in Congress who seeing their power vanishing, now propose to establish a military despotism to revitalize their dying organization. That strong hand will reach them *all* in good season, and on infamy recorded in times past will equal that which will be their sure and certain portion. A fearless Executive, with right on his side, need only appeal to the people to sustain him, and no matter how much his enemies may rave and bluster, if he remains firm in the right masses will rush to his support, and crown him "more than conqueror."

[*From Tuesday's Age.*]

"As was universally anticipated, the Rump House of Representatives yesterday afternoon declared in favor of the impeachment of the President, and no doubt that fragmentary and unconstitutional body will proceed as quickly as possible to finish the discreditable business in which they are now engaged. We say "fragmentary and unconstitutional body," because long after war has ceased and the rival armies have been disbanded, the Radical majority in Congress has causelessly kept ten sovereign States from all participation in the goverment, and has also refused to admit to its councils the representatives of other States which never attempted to secede from the Union. While the Rump was raving over the impeachment project, the President, "at the other end of the avenue," was coolly and quietly discharging his official duties as he understood them, and sent to the Senate the name of Thomas Ewing, of Ohio, as Secretary of War, in place of Edwin M. Stanton, removed. Thus ended yesterday in Washington."

A WAR STAR.—The editor of the Erie *Observer* has been star gazing, judging from the following:

A curious blazing star made its appearance in the North-western portion of the sky on Sunday night, about eight o'clock, lasting until nine. It seemed about three times as large as the famous star of eight years ago, and had a train apparently varying from a yard to two yards in length. The star when first seen was a dazzling red appearance, then changed to blue, and again to white, alternating the color a number of times during its course across the heavens. It traveled with considerable rapidity for a while, but as it neared the horizon, appeared to move slower. The brightness of its rays illuminated the atmosphere for a wide distance to such an extent as to completely dim the other stars in that portion of the sky. About two o'clock in the morning, a similar phenomenon was witnessed, through whether the same star or another of a similar nature, we are compelled to leave persons of more scientific knowledge than ours to decide. It is a singular fact that these extraordinary spectacles have always immediately preceded bloodshed in our country. An old lady whose remembrance of the war of 1812 is very distinct, says that just before it broke out a phenomena of the same kind was witnessed. The memorable star of 1860, and the deplorable events which soon ensued, are too fresh in the minds of our readers to need repeating.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial* has a correspondent in Washington who speaks of one of the *habitues* of the city as "about as worthless a specimen of human nature as God in his inscrutable wisdom has seen fit to create, or man in his unaccountable leniency has hesitated to hang." He further speaks of the success of this remarkable individual as "an illustration of what a brass foundry, set up in the human countenance, will accomplish."

[From the Baltimore Sun.]

The New Sees and Bishops.

As has before been stated in the *Sun*, the Most Reverend Archbishop of Baltimore has received letters from Rome, in which the official action of the Holy See upon the acts and decrees of the late Plenary Council of Baltimore is fully announced. The decrees of the Council are approved, with some slight corrections, partly verbal. The Archbishop makes the following announcement:

In answer to the petition of the prelates composing the Council, the Holy See has erected nine new Episcopal Sees and four new Apostolic Vicaries, and has appointed fourteen new Bishops, three of them to fill vacant Sees already established, besides one promoted from Vicar Apostolic to a regular Episcopal See. This is the Right Rev. Dr. O'Connel, Vicar Apostolic at Marysville, California, who has been made Bishop of Grass Valley, in California. The following list will exhibit the names of the new Sees or Vicarates which have been erected, and those already existing Sees which have been filled, with the names of the distinguished ecclesiastics who have been promoted:

1. The vacant See of Buffalo has been filled by the appointment of the Right Rev. Stephen Vincent Ryan, C. M., Visitor of the Congregation now residing in Germantown, Pa.

2. The vacant See of Louisville, by the Right Rev. William McCloskey, D. D. Rector of the American College in Rome.

3. The vacant See of Erie, by the Right Rev. Tobias Mullin, Vicar General of Pittsburgh.

4. To the newly elected See of Columbus, Ohio, the Right Rev. Sylvester H. Rosecrans, D. D., Auxiliary, of Cincinnati, has been transferred.

5. The new See of Rochester, N. Y., is filled by the Right Rev. Bernard McQuaid, President of Seton Hall College, New Jersey.

6. The new See of Wilmington, Delaware. by the Right Rev. Thomas A. Becker, D. D., of Richmond, Va.

7. The new See of Scranton, Pa., by the Right Rev. William O'Harra, D. D. Vicar General of Philadelphia.

8. The new See of Harrisburg, Pa,, by the Right Rev. Jeremiah F. Shanahan, Rector of the Preparatory Seminary of St. Charles Borromeo, Diocese of Philadelphia.

9. The new See of Green Bay, Wisconsin, by the Right Rev. Joseph Melcher, Vicar General of St. Louis.

10. The new See of La Crosse, Wisconsin, by the Right Rev. Michael Heiss, Secretary of the Bishop of Milwaukee.

11. The New See of St. Joseph, Missouri, by the Right Rev. John Hogan, of Missouri.

12. The new Vicariate Apostolic of North Carolina, by the Right Rev. James Gibbons, Secretary of the Archbishop of Baltimore.

13. The new Vicariate Apostolic of Idaho, by the Right Rev. Louis Lootens, of the Arch-diocese of San Francisco.

14. The new Vicariate Apostolic of Colorado, embracing also Utah, by the Right Rev. J. Projectus Machebœuf, Vicar General of Santa Fe.

15. The new Vicariate Apostolic of Montana, by the Right Rev. Augustine Ravoux, Vicar General of St. Paul, Minnesota.

The erection of the Vicariate of Arizona, for which the Prelates had petitioned, is delayed for the present, probably as premature; as is also the appointment of a Co-adjutor to the lamented Right Rev. Dr. Baraga, Bishop of Marquette, lately deceased. The delay in the latter case was caused by the desire to obtain full information in reference to candidates reproposed, the sudden and dangerous illness of the venerable Bishop at the beginning of the Council having made it impossible for him to fill up the descriptive and explanatory lists containing the requisite information, so wisely required by the Holy See in such cases.

The pontifical letters, in the form of briefs, authorizing the consecration of the new Prelates, have not yet arrived, but they are promised so soon as they can be prepared, and we trust that the delay will not be protracted. By order of the Most Rev. Archbishop.

THOS. FOLEY, Chancellor.

POVERTY AND AMALGAMATION.—In Buffalo, in a hovel, lately, were arrested a negro man named Thomas Hopkins, with a white woman who claims to be his wife, and two small children, aged two and four years respectively the offspring of the woman's former husband—a white man. When found the children were lying in an almost nude state on a bundle of dirty straw, with a scanty piece of quilt, not sufficient to cover them, and were shivering from the cold, with the snow drifting through cracks of the pen in which they were living. The mother is a miserable, dissipated creature, and has subsisted on articles which the negro stole. Hopkins himself was a coarse and ugly negro, of the lowest type. He was sent to the workhouse, the woman and children to the almshouse.

—The Lewiston [Me.] journals relate a sad and singular case. About a week ago Mr. C. Hodgson, of South Paris, a conductor on the Grand Trunk Railroad, accidentally forced a splinter into one of his fingers. The wound became inflamed, the swelling increasing rapidly till it extended through the whole arm and shoulder, a large abscess gathering in the arm-pit. On Thursday, after consultation, his physicians opened the abscess, but without giving relief, and the patient died at nine o'clock on Friday morning.

—The President has nominated General George B. McClellan as Minister to England. This is a well-deserved tribute to a gallant soldier and devoted patriot. Will the Senate confirm the nomination, or will party spirit override that respect which all American citizens should feel for a man whose actions are a part of the history of the nation?

—Joseph Reed Ingersoll, a well-known citizen of Philadelphia, died on Thursday afternoon, at the advanced age of eighty-two.

—Roger Collery, seventy years of age, lost his way on Monday, near Worcester, Mass., and fell into a pond. He crawled out and perished with cold.

—The national debt was increased six millions in December, twelve millions in January, and twenty millions in February. That is what the Mongrels call "retrenchment."

—It is said that the Governors of several of the "loyal" States have tendered Congress the militia of the several States they represent. This is rather cheap patriotism, but it will look well on paper.

—An act repealing the law allowing negroes to ride in the passenger railway cars was indefinitely postponed in the House of Representative of this State on the 20th instant, by a strict party vote—all the Radicals for the negroes—all the Democrats for the white men.

—Thurlow Weed suggests that Congress call in the Preamble to the Constitution, the Declaration of Independence, and Washington's Farewell address, and burn them, as the people may possibly get to reading them, and that would create uneasiness.

—A singular death occurred in Lyons Iowa, recently. A mother left an infant in care of a little girl, when out a short time. The child drew the crib containing the baby close to the stove, in which there was a very hot fire, and without being burned, the infant was so heated that death resulted in a few days.

USE THE BEST.—*Blades' Euphonial Lubricators* are a medical preparation in the form of a Lozenge, and are universally considered the most pleasant, convenient and effectual remedy in use for Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Croups, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Diptheria, and all Pulmonary Complaints. They are WARRANTED to give quicker and more lasting bensfit in the above affections than any other remedy. Also to contain no deleterious ingredient, and not to offend the weakest and most sensitive Stomach.

Blades' Constitution Pills are so called because of their peculiar effect upon the Liver, Stomach, Blood and Nervous System. For inactivity of the Liver, for the Stomach in derangement, or Dyspepsia, they will delight the patient with their mild and beneficial effect, especially if after long continued indigestion and costiveness, they are left with periodical returns of the Sick Headache. In case of a severe cold, producing Chills and Fever, you can break it very soon by using the Pills as per directions with each box. JOHN H. BLADES & CO.,
aug8-1y Proprietors, Elmira, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists; 25 cts. per box.

CHILDREN'S LIVES SAVED FOR 50 CENTS. —Thousands of children die annually of Croup. Now, mothers, if you would spend 50 cents, and always have a bottle of Dr. Tobias' Venitian Linament in the house, you never need fear of losing your little one when attacked with this complaint. It is now 20 years since I have put up my Linament, and never heard of a child dying of Croup when my Linament was used; but hundreds of cases of cures have been reported to me, and many state if it was $10 per bottle they would not be without it. Besides which it is a certain cure for Cuts, Burns, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throats, Swellings, Mumps, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Spasms, Old Sores, and Pains in the Back and Chest. No one once tries it who is ever without it. It is warranted perfectly safe to take internally. Full directions with every bottle. Sold by the Druggists. Depot, 56 Cortlandt street, New York.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.
DISEASES OF THE SCALP
PRODUCE GRAY HAIR AND BALDNESS!
The use of
Hall's Vegetable
SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER!
will restore it to its natural color and promote its growth.
Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Prop'rs.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease, Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes that every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing. Please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 S. Second St., Williamsburg, N. Y.

☞R. J. Lloyd, Druggist, Ebensburg, is Agent for the sale of the above preparation.

Coe's Cough Balsam,
The great popular Remedy for Coughs, Colds Croup, Whooping Cough and Consumption Both sizes—ordinary 4 oz., also mammoth family bottles—for sale by all druggists and dealers in medicines. No family should be over night without it in the house.

APPEALS from the Assessments for the year 1868 will be held at the Commissioner's Office, Ebensburg, as follows:

Monday, March 23d—Allegheny Township and Loretto Borough.
Tuesday, March 24th—Blacklick and Jackson Townships.
Wednesday, March 25th—Cambria and Millville Boroughs and Richland Township.
Thursday, March 26th—Carroll Township and Carrolltown Borough.
Friday, March 27th—Clearfield Township and Chest Springs and Prospect Boroughs.
Saturday, March 28th—Cambria Township and Ebensburg Borough.
Monday, March 30th—Susquehanna, Chest and White Townships.
Tuesday, March 31st—Conemaugh and Taylor Townships and Conemaugh Borough.
Wednesday, April 1st—Croyle and Summerhill Townships and Wilmore Borough.
Thursday, April 2d—1st 2d 3d 4th and 5th Wards, Johnstown Borough.
Friday, April 3d—Washington and Munster Townships and Summitville Borough.
Saturday, April 4th—Gallitzin and Yoder Townships.

The Military Appeals for each district will be held at the same time and place the Appeals from the Assessments are heard.

Witness our hands at Ebensburg, this 21st day of February, A. D. 1868.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
JOHN FERGUSON, } Com'rs.
J. A. KENNEDY,
Attest—WM. H. SECHLER, Clerk.

DISSOLUTION.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the manufacture of Lumber in Blacklick township, Cambria county, under the name and style of Gittings, Edwards & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent. Lewis R. Edwards will settle all business of the late firm.
RICHARD GITTINGS,
LEWIS R. EDWARDS,
DAVID EDWARDS.
Feb. 27, 1868.-3t,

LIST OF CAUSES set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, commencing on *Monday, the 2d day of March next:*

FIRST WEEK.

Christy	vs. Christy.
White, Trustee,	vs. McGlade.
Same	vs. Same.
Campbell	vs. McKenzie et. al.
Shields	vs. McMullen.
Crossman, Solomon & Co.	vs. Hughes & Co.
Storm	vs. Adams.
Pomeroy	vs. Nagle.
Same	vs. Scanlan.
Crossman, Solomon & Co.	vs. Hamilton.
Pomeroy	vs. Carr.
M'Clenahan	vs. Woodcock.
Runnion	vs. George.
Bennett	vs. McMillan.
Caristy	vs. Collins.

SECOND WEEK.

Shoemaker, Ass'ee,	vs. Kleinmyer
Pringle, Adm'x,	vs. Pringle
Christy	vs. Smith
Hoffman	vs. Calclesser
Baird	vs. Black
Com'th, for use,	vs. Heyer et al
Ludes	vs. Wehn
Hamberger	vs. Zimmerman
Calvin et al	vs. Burgoon
Garretson	vs. Cole et al
Dunmyer	vs. Boody's Adm'rs
Litzinger et al	vs. Litzinger et al
Walters	vs. Penna R R Co
Robson	vs. Cowan
M'Crossin	vs. Lewis et al
Taylor	vs. Cambria Iron Co
Storm	vs. Penna R R Co
McGlade	vs. Same
Carr	vs. Lynch et al
Fronheiser et al	vs. Ribblett et al
Lemon, Adm'r,	vs. Davis et al
Cooper	vs. Dunmyer et al
Starrick	vs. Hubert
Bloodgood, Ex'r,	vs. Morrison, Ex'r
Burk	vs. Allenbangh
Litzinger	vs. McCough et al
Dunmyer	vs. Southworth et al
Mitchell	vs. Jackson et al

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Proth'y.
Proth'y's Office, Ebensburg, Jan. 27, 1868.

LICENSE NOTICE.—The following Petitions for Tavern and Eating House Licenses will be presented to the Judges of our Court of Common Pleas on the second Monday of March next:

Tavern Licenses.—Peter Keelan, John Quinn, Cambria Bor; Dominic Egar, Carrolltown Bor; Joseph J. Duncan, 2d ward, Conemaugh Bor; Wm. C. Fitzimmons, Patrick O'Connell, Mrs. Cath. McKenna, Bernard M'Caffrey, 2d ward, and James H. Benford, And. Henning, John Raub, 3d ward, Johnstown Bor; Joseph Bradley, Pat'k M'Cauley, Ann Daily, Millville Bor; Daniel Confer, Taylor Tp; John H. Herbert, Summitville Bor; Richard Detling, Washington Tp; Valentine Maltzie, Wilmore Bor; George McGough, Clearfield Tp.

Eating House License.—John Pearson, Taylor Tp. GEO. C. K. ZAHM,
Ebensburg, Feb. 20, 1868. Clerk.

TOWN AND COUNTRY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale his FARM, located at Allegheny township, Cambria county, about one mile west of Loretto. The Farm contains 145 ACRES, 90 Acres of which are cleared, fenced and well cultivated—the balance being heavily timbered. There are erected on the premises a two story *Dwelling House*, comfortable and commodious, an excellent *Bank Barn*, and all necessary outbuildings. There is also a large orchard of choice Fruit Trees on the property.

The subscriber also offers sale a Dwelling House and two Lots of Ground located on Main street, in the borough of Loretto.

All the above properties will be sold on fair terms and indisputable titles will be given. Possession given on the 1st of April.
A. WALTERS.
Allegheny Tp., Feb. 20, 1868.-6t.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.—*The Cheapest Book ever Published*, containing nearly 300 pages and 130 fine plates and engravings of the Anatomy of the Human Organs in a state of Health and Disease, with a treatise on Early Errors and their Deplorable Consequences upon the Mind and Body, with the Auther's Plan of Treatment—the only rational and successful mode of Cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address, on receipt of 25 cents in stamps or currency, by addressing DR. LA CROIX, No. 81 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. The author may be consulted upon any of the diseases upon which his book treats, either personally or by mail. Medicines sent to any part of the world.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given to all parties concerned that the co partnership which existed between H. Omit and Jonathan Barrett, who carried on the business of manufacturing sawed lumber in Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pa., under the firm name of Omit & Barrett, was dissolved on the 18th day of September, 1867, at which time I disposed of my interest to James Henry, who with Johnathan Barrett, has been carrying on the business under the name of Henry & Barrett, who are to pay all the debts of the late firm of Omit & Barrett. H. OMIT.
Harrisburg, Feb. 19 1868.-3t.

FARMERS ATTEND!—The undersigned offers for sale one of the most desirable Farms in Cambria county, situate in Summerhill township, within two miles of the Pa. R. R. at Wilmore, containing 200 ACRES, half of which is cleared, with a splendid apple orchard and a good LOG HOUSE and BARN on the premises. The property will be sold together, or in lots to suit purchasers. The terms, which are easy, will be made known by R. L. Johnston, Esq., Ebensburg; and an indiputable title made to the purchaser.
JEREMIAH M'GONIGLE.
Jan. 23, 1868.-tf.

J. B. WRIGHT, AGENT,
At Johnstown, Pa., for
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.
Office with J. S. Strayer, Justice of the Peace, Market Street.

Companies Represented—Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York, $25,000,000; Connecticut Mutual Life of Hartford, $18,000,000; Home Fire Insurance Co. of New Haven, Conn., $1,000,000; Putnam Fire Ins. Co. of Hartford, Conn., $800,000. feb20-tf.

QUICK SALES,
QUICK SALES,
QUICK SALES,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.

The Largest Stock of Goods. The Best Selected and the Greatest Variety ever brought to Town.

LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.

The subscriber calls the attention of the public to the fact, that he has just received and opened out in his New Store, a large stock of goods, consisting of

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHOP FEED, Bran, Fish, Bacon and Cheese; Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, Candles, Soap, Vinegar, &c., &c.

NOTIONS, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, Stoneware and Earthenware. ALSO, a fine assortment of the best and latest style of Hats. He always keeps constantly on hand Bologna Sausages, Sardines, Fresh and Spiced Oysters in can, or half cans, and almost everything in the eating or drinking line. All of which will be sold at small profit.

GEO. GURLEY,
MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG, PA.
January 31, 1867.

GEIS & REUTH,
Johnstown, Pa.,
BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS
AND BOOK BINDERS.
MANUFACTURERS OF BLANK BOOKS, PORTE-MONAIS, PAPER BOXES AND LOOKING GLASSES.

Looking Glass and Picture Frames always on hand, and made to order. A large and most complete assortment of Drawing Room and Miscellaneous Pictures, consisting of Chromos, Paintings in Oil, Steel Plate Engravings, Plain and Colored Lithographs, Oil Prints, Photographs and Wood Cuts.—This collection embraces a selection of large sized match pictures of Landscape and Domestic Scenes and Portraits, and 5,000 different varieties of Card Photographs of prominent men, comic and sentimental scenes and copies of subjects by celebrated artists. We have also a varied assortment of BIBLES, PRAYER, HYMN and SCHOOL BOOKS, HISTORIES, BIOGRAPHIES, NOVELS, &c. Religious Prints and Emblems in great variety, and the largest and most complete stock of STATIONERY ever brought to this county. 500 new and beautiful styles of WALL PAPER, including an assortment of Potter's celebrated English make, for which we are sole agents in this locality. These Wall Papers are handsomer in design, superior in finish, and 2½ inches wider than any other make.

The citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity are respectfully notified that we make BOOK BINDING and the manufacture of BLANK BOOKS a specialty. All work promptly executed at moderate rates.

☞Store on corner of Clinton and Locust streets, immediately opposite Foster House.
Johnstown, Oct. 24, 1867.-tf.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN TOWN AND COUNTRY FOR SALE.—By virtue of sundry orders of sale issuing out of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, I will expose to sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on WEDNESDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF MARCH, 1868, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., by Public Vendue, the following Real Estate, of which Robert Davis died seised, to wit: A CERTAIN TRACT OF WOOD LAND, situate in Cambria township, about one mile west of Ebensburg, adjoining the Turnpike, lands of Alex. McVicker, and others, containing 7 ACRES, 110 PERCHES. Also, ALL THAT BODY OF TIMBER LAND situate in Blacklick township, surveyed on warrants in names of Nathaniel Simpson and Joseph Conn, containing about 300 ACRES—valuable as Coal and Timber lands. Also, A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND situate in the Borough of Ebensburg, fronting on Ogle street 66 feet, and thence extending along Cherry alley 128 feet, to Let now owned by John E. Evans, having thereon erected a new FRAME STABLE, and a number of young Fruit Trees. Also, the HOUSE AND LOT situate on the south side of High street, in said Borough of Ebensburg, adjoining property of John Dongherty on the west. Geo. C. K. Zahm on the east, and extending back to an alley. The House is a TWO STORY FRAME BUILDING, in excellent repair, and there are good outbuildings on the premises. This is one of the most desirable properties in town.

TERMS OF SALE—One-half the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the balance in one year, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.
GEORGE M. READE,
Adm'r of Robert Davis, dec'd.
Ebensburg, Feb. 13, 1868.-4t.

HOLLIDAYSBURG!
JACOB M. PIRCHER,
FASHIONABLE
CLOTHIER & TAILOR,
Has just opened a full assortment of well selected and most desirable
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
Gents and Boys furnished with CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, &c., of the latest styles and best material, at the *LOWEST CASH PRICES.*
A VARIETY OF PIECE GOODS, which will be sold by the yard or made to order in the most approved manner.
Having given full satisfaction to his customers for more than TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, he guarantees the same to all who may favor him with their patronage in the future.
☞Store on the west side of Montgomery street, below Blair, next door to Masonic Hall, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [my23.1y.]

RICHARD ROWAN,
ALTOONA, PA.,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Is prepared to make contracts for the painting of Churches, Dwellings and other Buildings in Cambria and surrounding counties, and for the execution of all other work in his line. Painting done at prices more moderate and in a style far superior to most of the work executed in this section. Satisfaction guaranteed. feb.20-tf.

A. C. DIBERT,
WITH
BOKER & BROTHERS,
Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in
CITY AND EASTERN MADE
BOOTS AND SHOES,
NO. 433 MARKET STREET,
Below Fifth, South Side, - *PHILAD'A.*

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.
I am now prepared to offer
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS
TO CASH PURCHASERS OF
TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE!
EITHER AT
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
My stock consists in part of every variety of
Tin, Sheet-Iron,
COPPER AND BRASS WARES,
ENAMELLED AND PLAIN
SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS, &c.,
COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.
Spear's Anti-Dust
HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,
EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES,
NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,
And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to
Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,
all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.
Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.
SPENCER'S SIFTER!
It recommends itself.
SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS
of all sizes constantly on hand.
Special attention given to
Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron,
at lowest possible rates.
WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.
Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.
FRANCIS W. HAY.
Johnstown, March 7, 1867.-6m.

WHOLESALE
DRUG STORE!
D. W. HARSHBERGER & CO.,
MAIN STREET,
OPPOSITE SCOTT HOUSE,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.,
Keep constantly for sale the largest and best assortment of pure
DRUGS & MEDICINES
IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,
Alcohol, Turpentine,
Pure Wines and Liquors, best brands,
4000 Lbs. White Lead,
DYES, DYE-STUFFS, GLASS, PUTTY,
And in fact everything kept in a first-class Drug Store, all of which will be
SOLD AT CITY PRICES,
MISHLER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS,
by the dozen or by the gallon.
OUR STOCK OF
Perfumeries and Toilet Articles
is acknowledged by all judges to be the
LARGEST IN QUANTITY
AND FINEST IN QUALITY
OF ANY IN OUR TOWN.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
SHARP'S MOUNTAIN HERB BITTERS
AND
SHARP'S MAGIC LINIMENT!
ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED AT LOWEST PRICES.
Johnstown, Aug. 15, 1867.-1y.

BEYOND COMPETITION!
ESTABLISHED 1856.
THE OLDEST
DRUG STORE
IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.
C. T. FRAZER
Keeps constantly on hand the
LARGEST,
CHEAPEST
AND BEST
ASSORTMENT OF GOODS PERTAINING TO THE
DRUG BUSINESS
In the County, which he offers
AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL
TO THE TRADE AND PUBLIC
AT LOWEST RATES!
C. T. FRAZER,
Franklin Street,
(OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE,)
JOHNSTOWN, PENN'A.

EDWARD HODNETT,
ALTOONA, PA.,
Prepares Plans and Designs, with full details, for HOUSES, STORES, CHURCHES, &c. Also for Alterations and Improvements in old buildings. Address or call at St. Charles Hotel, near Pa. R. R., Altoona, Blair county, Pa. jan.9.-3m.

THE FREEMAN.

THURSDAY, : : : FEB. 27, 1868.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

EDITORIALITIES, LOCAL AND GENERAL.—

The canal between Hollidaysburg and Columbia is to be enlarged. A large force of workmen will be put on as soon as the weather permits.

Yesterday was Ash Wednesday, and the first day of Lent. In the Catholic Church a season of forty days fasting and prayer is observed from this date, concluding on Easter Sunday.

Messrs. Joseph Cole and Francis J. Barberich, of Carrolltown, took their departure within the past week, for the West, to settle permanently. They were accompanied by their families.

The letter of our Altoona correspondent did not reach us until Tuesday evening—too late, we are sorry to say, for insertion, as our type has always to be up at that time in order to get to press in proper season.

Our townsman, Capt. Wm. Linton has leased the Foster House, Johnstown, for the term of two years, and will take immediate possession. The Captain has made a popular landlord here and cannot fail to do so there.

Samuel Hull, the young man who killed conductor Parker, was tried at Greensburg and found guilty last week of murder in the second degree, and has been sentenced by Judge Buffington to eight years imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary.

At a meeting of the Board of Poor House Directors, held on Monday last, Dr. Andrew Yeagley, of Johnstown, was appointed attending physician to the outdoor paupers in that vicinity—said appointment to take effect from and after the 10th of March next.

A most destructive fire occurred in Oil City on Monday last, whereby a considerable portion of the town was laid in ruins. Mr. Andrew J. Christy lost his dwelling and store, and probably a portion of his drugs, ect., involving a loss to him of some $6,000.

The rustic window blind factory of Wm. Adams, in Altoona, was destroyed by fire, on Friday night last, involving a loss of some $2,000, with an insurance of only $500. Supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. This is the second or third misfortune of the kind which has befell Mr. Adams.

The Branch train on Monday morning was delayed two hours, in the vicinity of Kaylor's station in consequence of a couple of freight cars leaving the track. The Phila. Express being detained on the main line, an extra trip was made on the Branch. Owing to these delays Court did not convene until 3 o'clock on Monday afternoon.

Earnest D. Rhey, formerly of this place, but engaged for several years past in business at Leavenworth, Kansas, came home last week on a brief visit. Earnest looks as "fine as a fiddle," and is, we are glad to learn, succeeding well in his business pursuits in "ye western countrie." He reports his partner C. W. Dougherty, also an Ebensburg boy, in good health and prosperous condition. May they ever be so.

Prof. H. H. Hughes closed a very successful term of singing school, on Monday evening last by a public examination. A large number of our citizens were in attendance, and expressed themselves highly pleased with the proficiency of the musical class. Mr. H. designs teaching another quarter, and has fixed the price of tickets at the low price of one dollar. He also proposes to get up a concert, in which his pupils will participate.

The Concert in aid of the new Catholic Church in this place, to be given at the Court House, on Monday evening next, promises to be, and we have reason to believe will be, one of the most brilliant musical entertainments that has delighted the ears of our citizens for a long time. The pieces selected are among the best productions of the day, and we feel confident that they will be rendered to the infinite gratification of all who attend. Some of the best talent at home and abroad will be brought into requisition, and it is therefore not too much to expect a rich and rare musical treat. Let no one stay away from the concert.

OUR BOROUGH ELECTION.—The election for Borough officers, on Friday last, passed off quietly and without any undue exertion being made on behalf of either of the tickets put in nomination by the two political parties. The principle contest, of course, was on the Burgess, and the Democratic candidate, our popular Postmaster, Reese J. Lloyd, although he failed to win the prize, made a most splendid run for a man with such brief candal appendages as he is possessed of—coming out several votes ahead of his ticket. We give the names of the gentlemen elected, the Burgess and School Directors, as well as all the officers in the East Ward being Republicans, while those of the West Ward, are of the right political faith.

Burgess, Thomas B. Moore.

School Directors, Geo. Huntley and Evan E. Evans.

West Ward—Council, Isaac Crawford, Morgan Hughes, John Lloyd, Owen Cunningham, John Fenlon; Judge of Election, Edward Glass; Inspectors, Wm. H. Sechler, Geo. Brown; Assessor, Joshua D. Parish; Constable, Thomas J. Williams.

East Ward—Council, Daniel O. Evans, T. M. Jones, Rowland Davis, F. H. Barker, David J. Evans; Judge, Wm. D. Davis; Inspectors, David Howell, Wm. Lichty; Assessor, Lemuel Davis; Constable, Thomas Todd.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mrs. Veronica Reilly, widow of Mr. Maurice Reilly, dec'd, and sister of M. M. Adams, Esq., died very suddenly, at her residence in Summitville borough, this county, Friday night last. She retired to bed, in apparent good health, between ten and eleven o'clock on the night stated, but in less than an hour afterward arose from her bed and lit a candle, and summoning her family to her, announced to them that she was going to die, and requested that the priest should be sent for without delay. Father Ryan was soon in attendance and administered the sacraments of the church, and e're twelve o'clock her immortal spirit had winged its way to the God who gave it. Mrs. Reilly was a most exemplary woman and kind-hearted neighbor, and her sudden death has not only startled but deeply grieved a large circle of relatives and sympathizing friends. She was forty odd years of age, and the mother of a large family. May she rest in peace.

SHOT THE WRONG MAN.—Mr. David Powell, a farmer residing in Cambria township, a few miles from town, accidentally shot himself through the thigh, on Friday evening last, and his wound is said to be of a very serious if not dangerous character. The story goes that a man named Elias Jones threatened or was about to shoot a dog belonging to Powell, (another account is that he was stoning Powell's house,) when the latter armed himself with a revolver, probably for the purpose of intimidating Jones, and while in the act of loading the weapon it went off, and the ball passed through Mr. Powell's right thigh, causing injuries which may yet prove fatal.

ANOTHER TERRIBLE CRIME.—A NEGRO OUTRAGES A LITTLE WHITE GIRL.—From the Pittsburg *Republic* we learn the particulars of a most fiendish outrage committed near Derry Station, Westmoreland county, on Thursday afternoon last. The victim is a little white girl named Carrie Layton, daughter of a farmer residing in the neighborhood, and the hellish monster who perpetrated the crime is a negro boy about nineteen years of age, who has been in the employ of Mr. Layton. At the time stated the girl left her home to visit the house of a neighbor, situated at some distance from her father's farm. Between the houses lies a considerable piece of woods through which the girl had to pass. The road through these woods is lonely, there being no houses near, and the track being very little traveled. The negro overheard the little girl talking about going on her visit, and before she started he slipped into the woods and secreted himself by the wayside. When she came past he stepped up to her, knocked her down and then outraged her. Leaving his victim insensible, he fled into the woods and hid.

Only a short time had elapsed before the insensible child was discovered. Her condition told only too plainly of the terrible deed that had been committed. She was removed to her home, and as soon as she was restored to consciousness she told what had occurred. Immediate and thorough search was made for the perpetrator, but as we have said, he had hidden securely in the woods, and eluded pursuit for the time being. It appears that he made his way to Blairsville the same night, but instead of remaining there or fleeing farther, he, for some unaccountable purpose, returned to the neighborhood of his crime. During the night he stole a passage on a freight train and came back to Derry. He was discovered, yesterday morning hidden in the barn of Mr. Layton, the father of the girl he had more than murdered. He was immediately secured, and placed in jail at Greensburg. At last accounts the unfortunate girl was in a most precarious condition, and it is feared cannot survive.

THE INSURANCE BUSINESS.—A VISIT FROM A REPRESENTATIVE MAN.—We were favored with a visit, on Saturday last, from our energetic, wide-awake and progressive friend, R. A. O. Kerr, Esq., the active member of the well known insurance agency firm, Messrs. Kerr & Co., Altoona—a firm which has long since introduced itself to our readers through the advertising columns of the FREEMAN. There is no branch of the insurance business, we believe, which does not receive the attention of this firm, and there is no agency in this part of the State, at least, which so fully comprehends and so perfectly systematizes the business in all its ramifications as do Messrs. Kerr & Co. They attend to the insurance of life, limb and property, and represent the best and safest companies in the country. Mr. Kerr himself is thoroughly versed in all the details of the business, and as he is a reliable, honest and straightforward gentleman, we feel that we cannot too earnestly commend the firm of which he is the recognized head to all persons seeking insurance against loss by fire, accident or death. We call the attention of farmers, lumbermen, and owners of stock in general, to the facilities afforded by this firm for the insuring of horses and cattle, and hope that they will give this important matter the attention which their own interests most assuredly demand.

THE SPRING ELECTIONS.—We give elsewhere the result of the election held in this Borough on Friday last, as well as that of Washington township in a correspondence under the proper heading, but in addition to these we note the results in a few other localities, of which we have only limited information:

In Johnstown, Irvin Rutledge, Esq., the Radical candidate, has been elected Burgess by the meager majority of 70. In Conemaugh borough, Captain Woodruff, of the *Democrat*, has been the successful aspirant for the same position. Richland township, heretofore one of the most unswerving Radical strongholds in the county, has come Democratic from stem to stern, giving an average majority, we understand of 47.

Outside our own county, but in close proximity to it, we note the fact that Geo. Potts, Esq., has been chosen Mayor and Jas. Lowther, Esq., Treasurer of the new City of Altoona, while nine out of the twelve Councilmen and five out of the six election boards are also Democratic. In Hollidaysburg the average Democratic majority is sixty-five—a gain of forty since last fall. In Tyrone there is a Democratic gain of 22, although the ticket has been defeated.

FATHER MULLEN.—In the list of new Catholic Bishops recently appointed, and which we give in another column, it will be observed that Very Rev. T. Mullen, Vicar-General of this Diocese, for many years pastor of St. John's Church, Johnstown, and as such, well known and affectionately remembered by many of our readers, has been assigned to the Episcopal See of Erie, made vacant by the death of Bishop Young. This appointment will surprise, but we scarcely think gratify Father Mullen so much as it will his old parishioners, as he is an humble, devout and unsparing laborer in the Lord's vineyard, and we feel sure that his inherent humility forbade any desire on his part for so exalted a position. No worthier man or more faithful pastor could have been chosen, however, and his many friends will rejoice that it is so.

AN ADMITTED FACT—No person need be told that an article can be bought cheaper out of season than in season—that winter goods can be bought at less prices in summer than in winter, and *vice versa*. Consequently we need only say that our merchant friend, Geo. Huntley, has a large stock of the best makes of heating and cooking stoves ever brought to this market, and as the season is past for that kind of trade, and as he wishes to get his money out of them, he now proposes to close out the entire assortment at *first cost*, and he will do it as "sure as shooting" if he only finds purchasers. You can't buy anything here or elsewhere at cost when it's in season—stoves are out of season, for the sale of them at least, and now is the time to buy stoves. Do you see the point?

A RARE CHANCE.—The stock, good will and fixtures of a first-class wholesale and retail Grocery House, now doing a thriving business, are offered for sale at a low figure for *cash*. The House will command a retail trade of from $30,000 to $40,000 per year. The stock will be reduced to suit the purchaser and possession will be given on the 1st of April next. By applying soon to WM. B. GOFF, No. 107, Main street, Altoona. A rare chance for a bargain may be obtained. 3t.

From the bleak and dreary Northland,
Where the Frost King holds his reign,
Come the chilling blasts of winter,
Sweeping o'er valley, hill and plain;
And as rush they madly onward
Through forest, fern and breaker,
Let us not forget our goods to buy
From Harry A. Shoemaker.

[Communicated.]

THE ELEVATION OF THE TEACHERS' PROFESSION.—This is a subject on which much has been said and written from time to time by teachers and others, but very little has as yet been accomplished. It is a subject in which every teacher and friend of popular education is deeply interested. Now there is no reason why the teachers profession should not be so elevated as to hold a respectable rank among other professions, and command the respect of the world. Is not he who assists in developing the immortal mind one of the world's greatest benefactors? Ought not his profession, then, hold a respectable rank in the world, and be made one that would maintain itself? Certainly it should, and could, if the proper steps were taken in the right direction. But on whom does this work of elevation rest? On the people? On the directors? On the State Department of Common Schools? Or does it rest on the teachers themselves? It must certainly rest on the teachers. If the people, the directors, the State Department and the teachers would put forth a united effort, the work would be a comparatively easy one, inasmuch as they can each do a vast amount towards accomplishing that end. But on the teachers themselves rests the great work. There are several preliminary steps which must be taken in order to insure success.

First, The profession should be relieved of those who are not naturally qualified for discharging the duties of this high and noble calling. There are those in the profession who have by their practice given unmistakeable evidence that nature did not originally design them for the teacher's profession. The sooner the profession gets rid of them the sooner will a great and important step be taken in the direction of elevation. A profession made up of "quacks" cannot command respect.

Secondly, The elevation of the profession must be preceded by the elevation of the salaries; and from all appearances this work devolves upon the teachers. They should invariably act upon the principle that it takes two parties to make a bargain. Under the present state of affairs the bargain-making power is altogether vested in one party. If a teacher does not feel inclined to accept of the salary offered, his only alternative is to let it alone, and a cheaper man takes the situation. The teacher should always have a word or two to say in regard to the salary he is to receive. Teachers in every county should meet, and by common consent, fix on the salaries which they shall receive, and in no case allow themselves to be employed for a less amount than that which has been agreed upon. Let the teachers of each county arrange themselves in two or three grades, each teacher entering the grade to which his qualifications entitle him to belong. A second or third class teacher will not long wish to remain in a first class school, and a first class teacher will have nothing to do with a second or third class school. The teachers should then strictly adhere to the amount of salary which their grade requires. A teacher can then demand $45 or $50 per month, and at the same time have the assurance that no other teacher of his grade in the county will teach for a less amount. And there can be but one result. The school cannot stand idle. Low salaries is and always has been one of the greatest drawbacks to the teacher's profession. By most young teachers it is only made as a kind of a start in the world—a stepping stone to something more lucrative. They enter the profession without having the slightest notion of making it a permanent business, simply because the compensation which they receive for their labors will not justify them in making it a work for life. But some have labored in the profession long enough to become so poor as not to be able to leave it. Were the wages raised to a standard at which men could earn a respectable livelihood, men of education and ability would remain in the school-room and be ornaments to the profession.

The very best means by which the profession and Common School cause can be elevated is to have the profession composed of educated, able, faithful and efficient teachers—teachers who will at all times be an honor to the profession; and they can be retained in it by no other means than by increasing the salaries. When the profession is composed of efficient teachers, the confidence in the Common School cause will be greatly increased, and receive the support of all classes. There would then be some inducements for persons to make special preparation for this noble calling, and it would be esteemed an honor to belong to the grand army of Common School educators. The person who then makes his living by faithfully imparting knowledge and instruction to the rising generation will occupy as high and respectable a position, at least, as he who makes his living by the infirmities or dissensions of mankind. J. A, GATES.

BEAVER VALLEY, PA.

CONEMAUGH, Feb. 22, 1868.

Editor Freeman—Noticing a problem in your last paper, I thought I should solve it, and having got an answer, I send it to you without knowing whether it is correct or not.

At the end of the sixty-eighth day B. had traveled - - - 1819 miles.
A. had traveled 1860 "

3248——3179—64.

Answer: B. traveled - 1819 m's in 68 d's.
A. " - 1424 " " 71 1-5.

3248

If I am correct I shall expect to be answered through your paper; if not, it is no difference. ALICE ADAMS,
Pupil of Conemaugh School.

[Right the first guess—and now it is Miss Alice's turn to put a question at "Plebein."] —EDITOR.

DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA.—This popular little periodical has been greatly enlarged and improved with the new year. Twice as much reading matter is given as formerly. It is a great favorite with the children, always supplying them with a fund of amusement and instruction, conveyed in an attractive way. Parents can do no better for their children than subscribe for it. Publication Office, 473 Broadway, N. Y. $1.50 yearly, with a premium.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar street N. Y.

INFORMATION.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face; also, a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, &c., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
823 Broadway, New York.

[Advertisement.]

EBENSBURG, Feb. 27, 1868.

Mr. Editor:—Mr. James J. Kaylor, the retiring Poor House Steward, publishes a card in the *Freeman* of last week, in which my name is mentioned. I crave a short space for a reply on the same terms. So far as I have had anything to do with the direction of matters, I had neither the fear or the love of the outgoing or incoming Steward to sway me in the performance of a duty I owe to the people of Cambria county.

The Board of Directors adopted the view that all personal property on the Poor House Farm should belong to the county, without any mixing up of the property claimed by the Steward, or any other person. Numerous complaints had been made as to the Stewardship of Mr. Kaylor, and without deciding, in the first place, whether these charges were well or ill-founded, we determined to avoid future difficulty. There was no inventory to be found to show that any of the property on the farm, or in the house, belonged to Mr. Kaylor, and we knew the fact that several loads, enough to start Mr. Kaylor at farming and housekeeping at "Home," were removed by him from the Poor House, under a claim of property. As the personal property of Col. McDermitt, or the greater part of it, was needed to supply what was thus removed, three competent and intelligent persons were chosen to appraise the articles so taken, *under oath*, at their cash value.

The incoming Steward, Col. McDermitt, claimed that as he was to be responsible for all the property, an inventory should be taken of what he found in the building and on the farm, when he took possession; and the Directors thought it entirely proper, for him as well as the county, to make such appraisement. Accordingly, James Myers, H. C. Devine and F. P. Tierney, three reputable citizens, were chosen and sworn to perform that duty faithfully. These gentlemen passed through the building and over the farm, and I need not state to those who know them, performed their duty faithfully. An article or two may have been passed without observation, for ought I know, but of this the appraisers may "advertise" for themselves. Indeed a superannuated "coffee-mill," or a "cake cutter," or other items may not be on the list, but I am at a loss to see that this affects Mr. Kaylor in any way.

The truth is, Mr. Kaylor is too sensitive to be honest. He seems determined to cover up his own tracks by bellowing as lustily as that celebrated Poor House bull of his, at everything done by the present Board of Directors. Let Mr. Kaylor, while his hand is in, account for the grain cradle for which he charged the county ten dollars, the wash tub, the clothes basket, the butcher knife bought from George Huntley and taken "Home" by him! Where did Mr. Kaylor get the shoats, the chickens and the turkeys taken "Home" from the Poor House? Did he raise these on the shares? Certainly not, for he took all the turkeys! What became of the table linen? Didn't you, Mr. Kaylor, refuse to be taxed when the Assessor called on you, for any of the cows, as belonging to the county, and afterwards drive three of them away as your own? Didn't you get $100 for the hire of a buggy worth half that sum, which you used for your own pleasure riding? Didn't you accept a *matron* by present of $100 from the good natured Director whom you praise so much? Didn't you sell twelve indifferent young cattle to the Directors, "sight-unseen," at $45 a head without any "appraisement?" And didn't you buy their best cow for $30?

Do you remember, Mr. Kaylor, about buying articles at one price—getting them charged at a higher price—and pocketing the difference, calling it *your per centage?* Didn't you claim this out of orders granted to a merchant in Johnstown, and afterwards in the hands of Joseph Koontz? Didn't you make out, *knowingly*, an order for William J. Buck for $17 more than he claimed, and after you retired from the Stewardship, ask that amount back from him? Did you not, in your general dealings with Cyrus Hart and Kress & Co., as well as others, purchase for the Poor House get bills made out at a heavy advance, and put the difference into your pocket?

When these questions are answered I shall have a few more to ask, and would suggest in the meantime that those "living in glass houses should not throw stones."

JOHN D. THOMAS.

HEMLOCK, Feb. 24, 1868.

Dear Freeman:—Knowing no good reason why the readers of the *Freeman* should not occasionally have the news from Old Washington, particularly about election times, I am induced to give them the returns of the election on Friday last. The Mongrelites had everything cut and dry for a grand campaign, and to their great astonishment succeeded in being gloriously defeated. It was the most amusing election that Washington has had for some time. In order to make a show at all the opposition formed a ticket of Democrats and Republicans. It is but justice to the Democrats, or most of them at least, to say that they knew nothing of the arrangement, and that their names were used without their consent. They went on the method that desperate cases require desperate remedies, and their efforts in behalf of their ticket astonished the "oldest inhabitants," but was of no avail. The Democracy have not yet forgotten when their friends were arrested in the dead hours of the night and sent off to Abolition bastiles for advocating Democratic principles, nor do they fail to remember when the "late lamented" had his soldiers stationed in Democratic districts for the purpose of running Democrats away from the polls. These things didn't happen yesterday to be forgotten to-day.

The number of votes polled were 167, and the following named gentlemen were elected to fill the various offices: Justice's of the Peace—F. M. George and P. McGough; Judge of Election—James Noon; Inspectors—H. J. McCloskey and H. Kimmell; Assessor—R. Detling; Constable—William Maxwell; Auditor—W. H. McEnrue; Supervisors—Owen Sweeney and D. O'Skelly; School Directors—G. J. Schroaderer, Wm. Brown, M. Mooney, J. Hamilton and T. Monahan; Township Clerk—Jacob Burgoon.

After this result, it is not likely that those Democrats who knowingly made tools of themselves by allowing their names to go on the opposition ticket, as well as those who were inveigled into voting for it on the plea that it was not a party ticket, will commit another such a blunder for it is to be hoped, at least, that they will look to their friends and not their enemies, for support hereafter.

Knowing the persons elected to be sound Democrats, honest, intelligent, upright and modest gentlemen, I have no hesitation in saying that they will bear their honors with the dignity becoming the stations to which they have been chosen. WASHINGTON.

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NOTICE.—The account of Wm. Palmer, Esq., Committee of Sarah Benson, a Lunatic, has been filed in the Prothonotary's Office of Cambria county, to be presented to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said county for confirmation, on the first Monday of March next.
GEO. C. K ZAHM, Proth'y.
Prothy's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 6, 1868.

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GREAT NUMBER THIS WEEK,
February 6th.

ATTRACTIONS AS FOLLOWS:

TOO FAST—TOO SLOW: Or what the great masses have done for Freedom and what they propose to do. By Hon. Henry Wilson, U. S. Senator from Mass.

GRANT AND COLFAX, Representative Public Men, the people's choice for President and Vice-President.

TENDENCIES OF REACTION—Wounds of the War—Taxation.—The Party for Freedom in Peril. By Rev. T. M. Post, St. Louis, Mo.

KEEKING ALIVE—An Appeal to Christians, By Rev. Theo. L. Cuyler, Brooklyn.

PRAYING IN THE HOLY GHOST.—The Great Experiment. By Rev. George B. Cheever, D. D., New York.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON. Election of Gen. Beatty from Ohio. The first at the White House. Hopeful advices from the South. New Hampshire and Connecticut Elections. Supreme Court on Reconstruction. The President and his Cabinet after General Grant. Speaker Colfax's receptions, etc. By our Washington Correspondent, D. W. Bartlett.

THE LOST IMAGE. Chapter IX of an Original Story. Written by an Orthodox Clergyman expressly for The Independent, and destined to be, we believe, one of the most popular, racy and instructive series of contributions ever given to a religious paper.

BOSTON CHIT-CHAT.—Boston never says die. Religious Prosperity. Art. Crown of New England. Gould's Andrew. Law and Disorder. A Trick on Messrs. Harrison, Gray, Otis, etc. By our Boston Correspondent, Habite, one of the ablest and most spicy writers in the country.

HENRY WARD BEECHER AND OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES. *The Guardian Angel and Norwood.* By Susan Posey, DECEMBER WOODS. Original Poem. By Joel Benton, Amenia, N. Y.

A COMPANION FOR WINTER. *Maple Wood Fire.* Endorsed by a "Blessed Old Black Woman."

A STORY WITHOUT A MORAL. For Children. By Abby Sage, Charlestown, Mass.

EDITORIALS, AS FOLLOWS:

The Tongue of Fire, or Extemporaneous Preaching. Queen Victoria's Experience. Two Ways of Loving—Loving the Good and Loving the Wicked.

The Methodist Bishops—Thompson, Morris, Janes, Scott, Simpson, Baker, Ames, Clark, Dr. Kinsley, Edward, Thomson—"as able men as any Christian Denomination can boast."

An Old Newspaper—The Federal Spy and Daily Advertiser, of Dec. 2d, 1794.

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RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF CAMBRIA COUNTY,

From the 27th day of January, A. D. 1867, to the 30th day of January, A. D. 1868, both days inclusive.

Dr. BERNARD M'DERMITT, Treasurer of Cambria County, Cr.

1867.		1867.	
To balance due the County at last settlement,	$3,792 65	By amount paid Assessors,	$1,141 71
To amount of County Taxes received from Collectors for A. D. 1867 and previous years,	21,571 71	By amount paid Auditors, County and State accounts,	248 00
To amount Poor Taxes, do. do.	9,661 49	By amount paid Bounty,	16 51
To amount Relief Tax 1866, do.	222 19	By amount paid Bridges,	1,862 00
To amount Militia " 1867, do.	624 39	By amount paid Commissioners,	1,976 00
To amount County Taxes on seated and unseated lands for 1867 and previous years,	75 59	By amount paid Com'rs' Clerk,	450 00
To amount Poor Taxes, do. do.,	31 41	By amount paid do Counsel,	275 00
To amount Relief Taxes on seated and unseated lands, for '65 and previous years,	3 72	By amount paid Constables,	736 72
To amount Road Taxes on seated and unseated lands, for '67 and previous years,	30 19	By amount paid Court Crier,	122 62
To amount School do do	109 61	By amount paid Court House,	465 89
To amount Bounty Taxes on seated and unseated lands, for 1866 and previous years,	9 50	By amount paid Grim Bros'ns,	2,168 03
To amount received from miscellaneous sources,	684 07	By amount paid Elections,	924 58
To amount received on redemption of lands,	182 15	By amount paid Fox Scalps,	240 00
To amount of Exonerations allowed Collectors on Co. Tax,	1,142 98	By amount paid Fuel,	245 30
To amount of Commission allowed Collectors on Co. Tax,	1,193 88	By amount paid Incidentals,	210 75
To amount of Exonerations allowed Collectors on Poor Tax,	573 96	By amount paid Inquisitions,	287 78
To amount allowed on Commissions on Poor Tax,	499 92	By amount paid Jail and Jailor,	1,428 88
To amount of Exonerations allowed Collectors on Military Tax,	253 00	By amount paid Jurors, (Trav.)	2,770 81
To amount Commissions allowed Collectors on Military Tax,	51 01	By amount paid Jurors, (Tales.)	69 00
		By amount paid Jurors, (Grand)	654 67
		By amount paid Jury Com'rs,	26 76
		By amount paid Military,	346 60
		By amount paid Postage,	20 66
		By amount paid Poor House,	8,750 00
		By amount paid P. H. Directors	300 00
		By amount paid Printing,	285 00
		By amount paid Probates,	135 55
		By amount paid Prothonotary and Clerk of Quarter Sessions,	752 20
		By amount paid Redem. Lands,	72 95
		By amount paid Refund'g orders	516 81
		By amount paid Relief,	29 00
		By amount paid Road Damages,	217 00
		By amount paid Road and Bridge Views,	396 25
		By amount paid Schools,	2,328 82
		By amount paid Sheriffs,	355 04
		By amount paid Stationery,	255 23
		By amount paid Supervisors,	1,460 25
		By amount paid Teach. Institute	62 24
		By amount paid Tipstaves,	40 00
		By amount paid Trans. Records,	59 50
		By amount paid Wildcat Scalps,	24 85
		By amount paid Western Penitentiary,	829 36
		By Commissions to Collectors on County, Poor, Military and State Taxes,	1,744 81
		By Exonerations to Collectors for County, Poor, Military and State Taxes,	1,969 94
		By Commissions on $33,046 24	1,156 62
		By am't in Treasurer's hands,	2,795 72
Total,	$40,713 33	Total,	$40,713 33

OUTSTANDING DEBTS

Due from Collectors for A. D. 1867 and previous years:

		Co. Tax.	Poor.	State.	Relief.	Military.
1864.	Wm. McDermit, Washington tp,	$417 64				
1865.	J. D. Partish, Ebensburg bor.,		82 47	45 06	39 28	
	Daniel O'Harra, Munster tp.,	20 99	9 66	9 66	12 81	
	G. W. McDowell, Millville bor.,			34 62	58 62	
	Henry Lloyd, Susquehanna tp		44 26	81 62	82 62	
	John Pringle, Wilmore borough,	43 14	18 83	21 73	13 70	
	A. Maken, Blacklick township,	36 81	61 79			
	Anthony Gill, Chest township,	140 98	95 44	16 49		
	M. Donegan, Clearfield tp.,	103 87	85 79			
	Daniel Pringle, Croyle tp.,	119 93	60 20	8 85		
	Henry Rager, Jackson tp.,		47 00			
	Robert Boyle, Millville bor.,	73 14	29 26	21 94		In litigation.
	John F. Stull, Richland tp.,	165 86	30			
	Samuel Stutzman, Taylor tp.,	12 61				
	James Conrad, Washington tp.,	13 56				
	Jacob P. Strayer, Yoder tp.,	5 40	2 10			In litigation.
1867.	Joseph Daily, Allegheny tp.,	400 41	221 03	24 08		29 50
	Joseph Mardis, Blacklick tp.,	74 94	10 35	22 23		6 50
	Ebenezer Williams, Cambria tp.,	582 14	285 15	84 59		26 50
	John Yahner, Carroll township,	751 25	365 41	58 49		48 50
	A. Farabaugh, Carrolltown bor.,	15 30	9 54	18 78		12 00
	Baltzer Heltrick, Chest tp.,	232 20	116 57	29 12		21 50
	John Wagner, Chest Springs bor.	165 35	80 44	24 97		10 00
	J. M. Donegan, Clearfield tp.,	209 62	102 20	11 81		22 00
	Chas. Helfrick, Conemaugh bor.,	288 00	134 06	24 54		41 50
	George B. Wike, Croyle tp.,	210 59	105 92	45 49		16 00
	Geo. W. Oatman, Ebensburg bor.	183 69	52 96	96 38		27 00
	W. W. Harrison, Jackson do.,	366 24	166 21	85 67		20 59
	Wm. Flattery, Johnstown bor.,	210 35	134 65	234 11		110 00
	David Tobin, Gallitzin township,	114 78	32 88	18 91		19 00
	George Yinger, Loretto borough,	96 83	46 35	17 02		7 50
	Robert Boyle, Millville borough,	72 00	36 00			In litigation.
	Wm. B. Diver, Munster township,	41 85	23 41	7 75		12 50
	George Orris, Richland township,	668 31	294 49	47 81		44 00
	Christian Shaffer, Summerhill tp.	408 23	208 38	81 02		19 50
	J. Sharbaugh, Summitville bor.,	60 65	30 44	14 28		5 00
	John Porter, Susquehanna tp.,	476 88	254 55	46 22		14 00
	Jonas J. Goughnour, Taylor tp.,	347 54	173 50	39 60		33 00
	J. McGonigle, Washington tp.,	582 38	291 96	45 06		19 00
	Perry Traxel, White township,	49 72	31 34	19 43		17 00
	Joseph Horner, Wilmore bor.,	156 12	77 81	18 69		5 00
	Chas. Crissman, Yoder township,	9 00	4 50		In litigation.	
		$7,749 79	3,964 17	1,206 73	202 03	586 00

AMOUNT DUE CAMBRIA COUNTY FROM JUDGMENTS, &c.:

Theodore Barnett and Robert B. Gageby,	No. 10 March Term, 1865, Bal. of Debt,	$155 30	
	Interest to Jan. 30, 1868,	1 19	
	Costs,	9 62½	$116 11½
Jacob Burgeon,	No. 81, Dec. Term, 1867, E. D. Bal. Debt and Interest to Jan 30, '68,	646 00	
	Costs	12 92	658 92
George Gates,	No. 260 Dec. Term, 1866, Debt,	178 37	
	Interest to January 30, 1868,	4 22	
	Costs,	1 25	183 84
	Total,		$1008 87½

AMOUNT DUE CAMBRIA COUNTY---MISCELLANEOUS:

R. P. Linton, late Sheriff,		$17 67
D. T. Storm, late Commissioner,	$16 78	
Same, 4 years interest on same,	4 03	20 81
Total,		$38 48

Statement showing Liabilities and Assets of the County.

LIABILITIES.		ASSETS.	
Outstanding Orders,	$ 3,758 12	Amt's due from Judgments,	$1,008 87½
Balance in favor County,	13,793 67½	Amt's due, Miscellaneous,	38 48
		Amt's due from Collectors,	13,708 72
		Am't in Treasurer's hands,	2,795 72
Total,	$17,551 79½	Total,	$17,551 79½

Given under our hands at Ebensburg, this 30th day of January, A. D. 1868.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
JOHN FERGUSON,
JNO. A. KENNEDY, } Commissioners.

Attest—WILLIAM H. SECHLER, Clerk.

WE the undersigned, Auditors of Cambria County, do respectfully report, that we have carefully examined the accounts and vouchers of Receipts and Expenditures of the said County Commissioners from the 27th day of January, A. D. 1867, to the 30th day of January, A. D. 1868, both days inclusive, and find them to be correct; as is also the foregoing statement of Liabilities and Assets of said County.

Witness our hands, at the Commissioners' Office, the 30th day of January, A. D. 1868.

H. R. SHAFFER,
D. A. LUTHER,
EDWARD D. EVANS, } Auditors.

Attest—GEO. W. OATMAN, Clerk.

GRAFF, WATKIN & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
No. 512 MARKET STREET,
FLEM. HOLLIDAY. PHILAD'A

ANY PERSON intending to build a House or Barn, can buy Nails and Hardware cheap by paying cash at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

PETER SIDES,
WITH
HICKMAN, HULL & CO.,
WHOLESALE TOBACCO DEALERS,
N. E. Cor. Third & Market Sts.,
Jan. 22, 1867. PHILADELPHIA.

POCKET KNIVES, TABLE KNIVES and Forks, Spoons, &c., can be bought cheap for cash at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Treasurer,

IN ACCOUNT WITH THE

Poor and House of Employment

OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

DR.

1867. To bal. in Treasurer's hands at last settlement,	$ 831 87
To County orders on hand, do.	2,750 00
To County orders issued during A. D. 1867,	9,000 00
To amount received from Chas. McCoy, on loan,	200 00
To bal. due Treasurer Zahm,	55 77
Total,	$12,837 14

CR.

1867. By amount paid on indebtedness prior to Jan. '67,	$2,207 48
By amount paid for—	
Bank discount—Lloyd & Co., $30; Geo C K Zahm, 43.04,	73 04
Blacksmithing—B. H. Singer, $22.70; P. Mealy, 30.70; Thos Davis, 45.00,	98 40
Boots and Shoes—Mellus, Currier & Co., $122.90; Cyrus Hart, 45.00,	167 90
Clothing—Cyrus Hart, 20 pairs Pants, $68; H. Natter, 4; Garrett, Young, Scott & Co., 42,	114 00
Coal—Evan E Evans, $59.33; Wm Tiley, 37.53,	96 86
Coffins—David W Jones, $51.75; J Wright, 4; Philip S Custer, 5; Wm Orr & Son, 14; Jno Purdy, 11,	85 75
Constables' Fees—C B Ellis, $7.70; Geo C K Zahm, 4.50; G W M'Dowell, 7.50; John Martin, 6; R Ryckman, 23.25; Henry Byrne, 3.60; C Snyder, 4.75; N Nagle, 4.95; Geo Orris, 7.70; Jas Darby, 15.50; A B Davis, 7.75; E James, 16.70; J Christy, 4; Joseph Daily, 19.50; A Dignam, 3.55; Geo Varner, 3.45,	145 40
County Orders on hands,	3,000 00
Dry Goods—E Shoemaker & Son, $251.19; Jno Geis, 45; Gardner & Stewart, 102.86; Haviland, Lindsley & Co., 107.79; Kinz, Barth & Co., 10; David Dibert, 40½ yds muslin, 8.10,	524 94
Farmers—H Diskell, $50.09; John W McConnell, 96 98,	147 07
Farming Implements—Moses Kring, 1 twin sled, $41; Jno Humphreys, hay fork, 11; Godleib Bantley, rope for hay fork, 5.30; T B Moore 1 grain drill, 76;	133 30
Flour and Grain—A M'Fadden, & Bros., $1,395.85; James Driskell, 131.50; R J Lloyd, 14; G G Owens, 14;	1,555 35
Freight—James J Kaylor,	38 45
Groceries—T G Stewart & Co., coffee, $148.26; Jas P Murray, 52cts; R H Tudor, no bill, 91 04; Jos Geis, 65.50; A M'Fadden & Bros., 14.69,	320 01
Hardware and Tinware—Geo. Huntley, $55.66; E Glass, 4.85;	60 51
Harness—Hugh A M'Coy,	47 30
House Servants—Rachael A Burke, $56 85; M Mouse, 9.54; Theresa McDevitt, 57; Elizabeth M'Cauley, 16;	138 39
Interest—Wm Palmer, $1.97; J J Kaylor, 50cts; Charles McCoy, 8.50; E Shoemaker & Son, 2.15; John W McConnell, 50cts; Theresa McDevitt, 10cts; Joseph Geis, 23cts;	14 01
Justice Fees—J S Strayer, $11; F Bearer, 1; I Rutledge, 91.64;	103 64
Lumber—M McGuire, 500 feet plank,	6 00
Meat—Jas J Kaylor, 480 lbs beef, $36.00; Same, 220 lbs mutton, etc., 48.15; George C K Zahm, 544 lbs beef, etc., 87.62; Same, 2020 do., do., 125.24; Same, 65½ lbs veal, 9.50; James Driskell, 308½ lbs mutton, 43.20; Same, 90 lbs veal, 11.70; F Kittell, 69½ lbs beef, 8.32; Peter Maltzie, beef, 2.50; Wm Kaylor, 2557 lbs beef, 170.20	542 43
Printing—H D Woodruff, $1.50 J M Swank, 1.50;	3 00
Provisions—M Driskell, 81 bus. potatoes, $81; James Driskell, 55 ditto. 55; Joseph Daily, 15 bus. beans, 22.60; James J Kaylor, 4½ barrels cider, 20 bus. apples, 51.50;	210 10
Relief to Out-Door Paupers—Wm McPherson, $128.60; Jno Hannan, 28; J Blouch, 36; Wm Flattery, 19.50; George Orris, 267.85; Thos Jinks, 25; John Furlong, 30; Jane Jones, 32.25; E James, 16; Isaac S Horner, 5; Mary Wolford, 15.50; Wm Palmer, 162.75; Thos George, 16; Barbara Bartran, 39; H Byrne, 20.50; Joseph Daily, 52.50; Wm Martin, 35; Mrs Williams, 3; J Murphy, 18.76; Henry Walters, 101; A J Stemmer, 3.50; Mrs McKerr, 16; Jno Sivert, 8.50; Thos Hocker, 5; Wood, Morrell & Co. 40; Geo Wehn, Jr., 142.62; I Wissinger, 19.18; John McCloskey, 109; John McColgan, 7; Patrick Kelly, 122; James Murray, 41.50; John W Wehn, 68.50; Mary Mangus, 48; A Oswalt, 3.50; J Ryan, 9; John D Thomas, 10.50; Peter Berg, 3.25;	1,703 26
Relief to Out-Door Paupers (Medical Attendance)—H W Marbourg, $37; C Emerson, 61.50; B L Yeagley, 58.75; W W Walters, 10;	167 25
Repairs—Morgan Humphreys, $7.50; J D Hartsock, 9.30; T B Moore, 7.05;	23 85
Salaries—Jas J Kaylor, $204; George C K Zahm, 1½ year, 133.34;	337 34
Sewing—Elizabeth Skelly,	29 27
Sundries—R V Hook, $3; J J Kaylor, 96.99;	99 99
Stationery—James Murray,	2 75
Stock for Farm—George C K Zahm, for 1 mare $125; Jno Fenlon, 2 pigs 14;	139 00
Total,	$12,837 14

OUTSTANDING DEBTS DUE BY THE POOR HOUSE.

Outstanding orders prior to January, 1867,	$4,109 33
Do. do. for year 1867,	2,516 75
Total,	$6,626 08

INMATES OF POOR HOUSE.

No. Inmates Jan'y 1st, 1867,	54	No. discharged & absconded,	69
No. admitted during the year,	66	No. remaining 1st Jan'ry, 1868,	39
No. Died,	10	No. Sane,	29
" Bound out,	2	" Insane,	10

INVENTORY OF PROPERTY

Remaining at the Poor House when taken charge of by B. M'Dermitt, (Steward,) as shown by appraisement list dated January 7th, 1868, signed by James Myers, H. C Devine and F. P. Tierney, and on file in the Poor House.

Miscellaneous Articles.—23 muslin sheets; 10 muslin chemisettes; 7 sheets; 4 flannel shirts, 1 tick and bolster; 18 pillow slips; 3 lamps; 9 milk pots; 1 coffee mill; 3 tin buckets; 5 dish pans; 3 coffee boilers; 1 cooking stove and fixtures; 2 wash tubs; 67 plates; 41 large dishes; 12 small dishes; 18 soup bowls; 1 castor; ½ doz spoons; 3 knives and forks; 3 glass dishes; 3 soup trays; 1 tea pot; 2 pitchers; 11 dishes; 2 cream pitchers; 2 sugar bowls; 7 smoothing irons; 23 panes glass; 2 wash-boards; 1 map of Cambria county; 2 buffalo robes.

Articles of Furniture for the House.—1 cupboard; 27 iron bedsteads with bedding; 2 iron bedsteads without bedding; 14 old stands; 2 old tables; 6 egg stoves; 52 chairs; 1 old book case; 1 old ten plate stove; 1 dining table; 1 dough-tray and 1 sink.

Articles of Clothing not above Mentioned.—1 small bundle of blue drill; 1 yard new linsey; 24 yards ticking; ½ doz hats; 3 pairs pants; 19 pairs shoes; 42 bundles of cotton batting; 1 gross shoe strings; 1 doz cotton spools; 7 linsey dresses, and 1 bed lap.

Articles of Provision and Feed.—180 bus corn in the ear; 100 bus oats; 10 barrels of flour; ½ keg fish; 9 crocks of apple butter; 15 gallons of apple butter; 30 lbs soap; 30 lbs coffee; 3½ lbs pepper; 6 bus beans and 15 tons hay.

Stock and Farm Implements.—1 bob sled; 1 hay rake; 1 mowing machine; 1 grain drill; 2 setts of horse gears; 1 riding bridle; 1 wagon saddle; 1 shovel plow; 1 harrow; 1 patent hay lifter and rope for same; 1 wind-mill; 1 straw cutter; 1 manure fork; 1 wheel barrow; 1 old grind stone; 1 old wagon; 1 spring wagon; 3 head horses; 13 head cattle; 31 sheep; 6 large hogs; 10 small pigs, and 1 plough.

LIST OF ARTICLES

Appraised as the property of B. M'Dermitt:

1 buggy,	$145 00	2 pr unbleached cloths,	10 00
1 sleigh,	45 00	1 large copper kettle,	12 00
1 sett harn's, bridle and saddle,	25 00	1 doz silver forks,	18 00
1 cow,	30 00	1 doz knives & forks,	8 00
1 egg stove & pipe,	12 00	1 bute'r knife, carv. knife and fork,	4 00
1 8 d'y clock	10 00	1 steel,	1 00
2 tables,	8 00	1 sett dishes,	1 00
11 chairs,	7 00	10 tumblers,	5 00
1 cupboard,	6 00	1 glass dish,	1 25
10 milk pots,	4 00	2 lamps,	25
2 cream do.	2 00	2 spittoons,	1 50
3 buckets,	4 10	1 large look'g glass,	1 00
can'd fruit,	16 80	2 hatchets,	5 00
lards tallow,	3 60	1 good sofa,	1 00
½ bbl. flour,	6 00	1 bureau,	30 00
2 crocks,	50	1 stand,	8 00
1 whip, streiner and coffee mill,	1 50	24 yards good wool'n carpet,	24 00
1 s't cane bottom chairs,	1 00	44 yards partly worn ditto.	22 00
rock'g chair	2 00	10 yds oil cloth	10 00
2 beds & bedding,	5 00	1 bay mare,	130 00
1 side table,	45 00		
1 p a i r table cloths,	10 00		
	10 00		
Total,			$702 50

We the undersigned Auditors of Cambria county, respectfully report, that we have audited, settled, and adjusted the accounts of the Poor and House of Employment of said County, with George C. K Zahm, Treasurer thereof, according to law, and find a balance due the said Treasurer of Fifty-five dollars and seventy-seven cents.

Given under our hands this 21st day of January, A. D. 1868.

H. R. SHAFFER,
D. A. LUTHER,
EDWARD D. EVANS. } Auditors.

Attest—GEO. W. OATMAN, Clerk.

GRANT HOUSE,
Hemlock, Cambria Co., Pa.
JOHN WILKIN, Proprietor.

This House has been refitted, and offers accommodations superior to any other House in the vicinity. The Proprietor, after long experience in the business, feels confident he understands the wants of the public. His TABLE will be supplied with the delicacies of the season and his BAR with the choicest wines and liquors. By constant attention and due care for the comfort of his guests the Proprietor hopes to merit a liberal share of patronage. [may10-1y.]

SCOTT HOUSE,
Main Street, Johnstown, Cambria Co., Pa.,
A. ROW & CO., Proprietors.

THIS HOUSE having been refitted and elegantly furnished, is now open for the reception and entertainment of guests. The proprietors by long experience in hotel keeping feel confident they can satisfy a discriminating public.

Their Bar is supplied with the choicest brands of liquors and wines.
Jan. 31, 1867. (1y.)

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,
(Conducted on the European Plan.)
405 & 407 LIBERTY STREET, OPPOSITE THE UNION DEPOT, PITTSBURGH, PA.
JAMES K. LANAHAN, - - - Proprietor.

This House is newly built and splendidly furnished, and convenient to all the Railroads coming into the city. The Restaurant connected with this Hotel open at all hours of the day and night. [oct.17.-1y.

UNION HOUSE,
EBENSBURG, PA., JEROME A. PLOTT, Propietor, spares no pains to render this hotel worthy of a continuation of the liberal patronage it has heretofore received. His table will always be furnished with the best the market affords; his bar with the best of liquors.—His stable is large, and will be attended by an attentive and obliging hostler. Jan 30, 1868.-tf.

SHIELDS HOUSE,
LORETTO, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,
THOMAS CALLEN, Proprietor.

THIS house is now open for the accommodation of the public. Accommodations as good as the country will afford, and charges moderate. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, EBENSBURG.
R. P. LINTON & CO., Prop'rs.

The TABLE is always supplied with the choicest delicacies; the BAR is supplied with choice liquors, and the STABLE attended by careful hostlers. Transient visitors accommodated and boarders taken by the week, month or year, on reasonable terms. feb21

MERCHANTS' HOTEL.
J. & W. C. M'KIBBIN, Proprietors.
Fourth St., between Market and Arch,
May 9, 1867.-1y. PHILADELPHIA.

BARGAINS can be had by buying your goods for cash at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

IF YOU WANT the best Cooking or Parlor Stove made in the world, go to HUNTLEY'S and get *Spear's Anti-Duster*

HARTFORD
LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY.
CASH CAPITAL $500,000.

We are now prepared to insure LIVE STOCK against both *Death* and *Theft*, in this live and reliable Company. Owners of stock have now the opportunity, by insuring with this Company, of obtaining security and remuneration for the loss of their animals in case of DEATH or theft.

OWNERS OF HORSES,

Manufacturers, Farmers, Teamsters, Expressmen, Physicians, and in fact all who are to any extent dependant upon the services of their horses in their daily vocations, should insure in this Company, and thus derive a protection against the loss of their animals, which are in many cases the sole means of support to their owners.

FARM STOCK.

Farmers and others owning cattle should avail themselves of this means of saving the value of their stock, and secure an equivalent for the loss which would otherwise fall heavily upon them in being deprived of their Cattle, by insuring in this, the

PIONEER COMPANY OF AMERICA!

By insuring in this Company you exchange a certainty for an uncertainty. No man can tell whether his animals may not be stolen or die through some unforseen calamity.

☞ *Competent Agents wanted, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.* Apply to
KERR & CO., General Agents,
April 4, 1867.-1y. Altoona, Pa.

☞ Col. WM. K. PIPER, Ebensburg, has been appointed local agent for the Hartford Live Stock Insurance Company.

FOREIGN SHIPPING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.

We are now selling Exchange (at New York Rates on

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Wales,	Germany,	Prussia,
Austria,	Bavaria,	Wurtemberg,
Baden,	Hessen,	Saxony,
Hanover,	Belgium,	Switzerland,
Holland,	Norway and	France.

And Tickets to and from any Port in

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Germany,	France,	California,
New South Wales or		Australia.

KERR & CO.

JOHN HICKEY, ALTOONA PA.,
Dealer in all kinds
Household Furniture!
SUCH AS

LOUNGES,	TABLES,	BEDSTEADS
SOFAS,	BUREAUS,	WHAT-NOTS
CUSHIONED, CANE-BOTTOMED AND COMMON CHAIRS, &c.		

NEW FURNITURE WAREROOM,
JULIA STREET, NEAR HARRIET,
Opposite the Protestant Episcopal Church,
March 7, 1867.-1y. EAST ALTOONA.

A WORD FROM JOHNSTOWN!
JOHN J. MURPHY & CO.,
At their Stores in the Scott House, Main St., and on Clinton Street, Johnstown,

Have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of seasonable

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, and a general variety of NOTIONS, &c.—Their stock consists of almost every article usually kept in a retail store, all of which have been selected with care and are offered at prices which cannot fail to prove satisfactory. Call and examine for yourselves.
Feb. 28, 1867.-tf. $5*

HARVEY CHILDS. . . . LOWRIE CHILDS.
H. CHILDS & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES, AND SOLE LEATHER,
133 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agents for the sale of "Hope Mill" Cotton Yarn, Rags, Batting and Carpet Chain.
Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

JOHN GAY. . . . . WM. WELSH.
GAY & WELSH,
Success'rs to Gay & Painter,
WHOLESALE
Grocers and Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c.,
Corner Penn and Canal Sts., opposite Grain Elevator. [feb28] *Pittsburgh, Pa.*

M. CRESSWELL, JOHN A. BYERS,
E. T. SLACK, WM. O. GEMMILL.
M. McDONALD,
WITH
M. CRESSWELL & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
No. 511 Market Street,
June 20, 1867.-1y. *PHILADELPHIA.*

TOM. P. DAVIS,
WITH
BOYD & STROUD,
Importers and Dealers in
QUEENSWARE, CHINA and GLASS,
No. 32 NORTH FOURTH ST.,
Four doors below Merchants' Hotel, PHILA.

KINPORTS & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FLOUR, FEED, PROVISIONS, GROCERIES
IRON, NAILS, &c.,
Juniata Street, opposite United States Hotel,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

WHOLESALE
SANNEY & ANDREWS,
123 Market St.
PHILADA.
GROCERS

JAMES H. DAVIS,
Dealer in all kinds of
POPLAR, CHERRY & ASH LUMBER,
Yard Nos. 314 and 316 N. Broad St.,
PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Business attended to in Ebensburg by Wm. J. Williams. [my16-1y]

H. KINKEAD, *Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent.*—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hass on Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg. j31

J. S. STRAYER, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Johnstown, Pa. Office on the corner of Market street and Second Ward, Locust alley, dec.12.-1y.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.
E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
Manufacturers of
PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
501 *BROADWAY, NEW YORK.*

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR, From negatives made in the various campaigns, and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS, Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of Stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties, from 50 cents to $50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, &c., &c.,

Our Catalogue embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent. of the amount with their order.

☞ The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. [apr25-1y.]

EBENSBURG DRUG AND BOOK R STORE!
LEMMON & MURRAY,
DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY
Fancy Soaps, Leon's and Hall's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, (all kinds,) Davis' Pain Killer, Radways Ready Relief, Brown's Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Citrate Magnesia, Flavoring Extracts and Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, PURE SPICES, &c.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS,
Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds, Cap, Post and all kinds of Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.

☞ Medicine for the body and food for the mind. Call and see.
MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG.
July 25, 1867.

WM. M. LLOYD, *President.* JOHN LLOYD, *Cashier.*
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALTOONA.
GOVERNMENT AGENCY
AND
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.
Corner Virginia and Annie Streets, North Ward, Altoona, Pa.
Authorized Capital, - - - - - $300,000
Cash Capital paid in, - - - - - 150,000

All business pertaining to Banking done on liberal terms.

Internal Revenue Stamps of all denominations, always on hand.

To purchasers of Stamps, percentage, in stamps, will be allowed, as follows:
$50 to $100, 2 per cent.; $100 to $200, 3 per cent; $200 and upwards, 4 per cent.
Jan. 31, 1867 tf.

LLOYD & CO., Bankers,
EBENSBURG, PA.

Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted.
January 31, 1867.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,
BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.

Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made.—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. au31.

DENTISTRY.—The undersigned, Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity, which place he will visit on the fourth Monday of each month, to remain one week.
feb.6. SAM'L BELFORD, D. D. S.

DR. T. F. M'CLURE, SURGEON DENTIST, Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa. Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver, Vulcanite, Cheoplastic, &c. ☞ Professional visits made to Chest Springs the first week and to Loretto the second week of each month.
Carrolltown, July 4, 1867.-6m.32*

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., tenders his professional services as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Carrolltown and vicinity. Office in rear of building occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a store. Night calls can be made at the hotel of Lawrence Schrotb. [May 9, 1867.-tf.]

DENTISTRY.—Dr. O. W. Zeigler, having opened an office in rooms over R. R. Thomas' Store, offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. *Teeth extracted without pain by use of Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas.*

R. DEVEREAUX, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, *Summit, Pa.*—Office east end of Mansion House, on Rail Road street. Night calls may be made at the office. [my23,tf.]

R. J. LLOYD, successor to R. S. BURNS, Dealer in *Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.* Store on Main street, opposite the "Mansion House," Ebensburg, Pa.
October 17, 1867.-6m.*

FRANK W. HAY,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL Manufacturer, of TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE, *Canal street*, below Clinton, *Johnstown, Pa.* A large stock constantly hand.

THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH.—For beauty of polish, saving of labor and cheapness, this preparation is truly unrivalled. *Buy no other.* For sale by June 13, 1867. GEO HUNTLEY.

JAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.* Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan 31, 1867.

GEORGE W. OATMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
January 31, 1867-tf.

IF you want to buy goods on long credit and pay big prices, don't go to
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

POLAND'S
Magic Bilious Powders.

This Preparation is the discovery of Rev. J. W. POLAND, formerly Pastor of the Baptist Church in Gilfstown, N. H.—a man dearly beloved by that denomination throughout N. England. He was obliged to leave the pulpit and study medicine to save his own life, and his MAGIC POWDERS are one of the most wonderful discoveries of modern times. It is the GREAT LIVER and BILIOUS REMEDY, which completely throws in the shade all other discoveries in medicine; and it affords him much